THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantity

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper

n North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

Port Almanac—October 10

Sun Rises	6 03 A M
Sun Sets	5 39 P M
Day's Length	11 h 11 m
High Water at Southport	12.18 P M
High Water at Wilmington	2 00 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 10

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 49°; 8 p. m., 50°; maximum, 60°; minimum, 49°; mean 54°.

Rainfall for the day 0; rainfall for the month up to date, T.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina and South Carolina, fair; slightly warmer, preceded by light frost in the interior; northeasterly winds.

OUTLINES.

The grand jury of the District of Columbia yesterday began the consideration of the case of Miss Elizabeth M. Flagler, who shot and killed a negro boy in Washington in August last. —— President Cleveland is expected to return to Washington on the 17th inst. —— L. J. Poe has been arrested in Winston, charged with outraging and murdering a nine-year old girl in Washington county, Va. —— Earthquake shocks were felt at Laibach, Austria, and the inhabitants are in a state of panic. —— The police of Constantinople are using every effort to force the Armenians to leave the churches in which they sought refuge from mobs. —— The Democrats of Chattanooga elected a mayor and five out of eight aldermen. —— The trial of Morris Schoenholz, a notorious firebug was begun in New York city yesterday. —— The Old Comique theatre in Kansas City, Mo., was destroyed by fire. —— Joe Patchen beat Gentry in the great pacing contest at Lexington, Ky. —— The rise in silver is attributed to purchases of the metal for Chinese account in connection with the war indemnity. —— Fitzsimmon's manager has made a proposition to Corbett's representative that the two men fight in private for $10,000 a side. —— Miss Clara Barton made an address at the National Council of Women, in session in Atlanta, on the Red Cross movement. —— Hot Springs, Ark., has been selected as the place for the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight. —— Atlanta, Ga., has been selected as the place for the next meeting of the Episcopal Convention. —— Fire in Portsmouth, Va., causes a loss of over $250,000. —— New York market: Money on call easier at 1½@3 per cent., last loan at 2 and closing offered at 2 per cent.; cotton quiet—middling gulf 9 7 16c; middling 9 3 16c; Southern flour steady and quiet—common to fair extra $3.10@3.80; good to choice $3.90@3.80; wheat—spot market firmer—No. 2 red in store and at elevator 66½c; afloat 67½c; corn—spot firm and fairly active; No. 2 at elevator 37½c; afloat 38½c; spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 28@28½c; rosin dull but steady—strained common to good $1.47½@1.52½.

It is said that Ouida so abhors handshaking, that she will emphatically shake any one who offers to shake her.

The New York Populists have adopted the three-leaf clover as their emblem. Something green is quite appropriate for them.

New York city isn't in favor of making the Erie canal a ship canal. It might lessen Gotham's importance as a shipping point.

Currency is flush in Toledo, Ohio. The town is flooded with counterfeit $5 bills, large amounts of which had been shoved before the discovery was made.

It will not do to judge people by their names any more than by the cut of their hair. One of the robber gangs of the West is known as the Christian brothers.

The bicycle has given a boom to the rubber business, which it is said has expanded about $5,000,000 in the past eighteen months. If that isn't a stretcher there is something in rubber.

A train on the Lucawanna road made the run from East Buffalo, N. Y., to Hoboken, N. J., a distance of 407 miles, in 452 minutes, last Saturday. The distance between Buffalo and Binghampton, 190 miles, was made in 175 minutes.

There is a gold craze in Seward county, Nebraska, where they are finding rich gold dirt in an old gravel pit from which the Burlington Railway has been for years hauling material to ballast its tracks. The dirt on the adjacent farms is said to be equally rich.

A citizen of San Francisco, claims to be the legal heir of a $400,000,000 estate in England, which carries with it a seat in the House of Peers. If he could squat on the estate he would probably be willing to relinquish the seat among the law makers. The documentary evidence he has to show has secured for him the co-operation of several prominent lawyers in pushing his claims.

Ex-Secretary Foster, of Ohio, expresses the opinion that the Republicans will win next time, but he is candid enough to say that he thinks they are not going to have a walk over and that the figures of last election will be very much reduced. It may be incidentally remarked that they haven't got so much "calamity" to play and bank on as they had last time.

The drought has been so severe in the State of Pennsylvania that many towns are short on water, and a water famine is feared if the drought should continue much longer. There has been little rain since July. In many sections the streams and wells are dried up and the farmers are hauling water for miles for domestic use and for stock.

The dog editor of the Atchison *Globe* is responsible for the statement that when a dog wants to jump on and chew up another dog he always prefers one with a ribbon on its neck, which may indicate that the fighting dog doesn't like to see other dogs put on style, or that he thinks he has a soft snap in the dude dog.

While the English are carrying their civilization and Christianity into Africa they are also carrying considerable booze liquids. The amount they shipped into the Niger district alone increased from $650,000 worth in 1893 to $1,170,000 in 1894.

The effect of proper drainage and cleanliness in promoting health is shown in the city of Philadelphia, where in 1881 the deaths from consumption were at the rate of 31.9 to each 10,000 of population. By street drainage this has been reduced to 22 to the 10,000.

A Florida man who was digging a well struck a tooth six inches long and four inches wide, but the animal that dropped it left that place before the landslide came. It is supposed to be in some other part of Florida.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GEO. H. HOWELL—Legal notice.
MASONIC—To St. John's Lodge.
MEETING—L'Arioso German Club.
J. D. BELLAMY, JR.—Foreclosure sale.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

WANTED—Building shares.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. H. Vollers was reported as better yesterday.

— Mr. George C. Southerland is out and well again.

— Mr. Ed. J. Furlong is able to be out and at work again.

— Mr. J. R. Marshall was out yesterday, after a few days' illness.

— Miss Carrie J. Drew, of Southport, is in the city, visiting Miss Nessie Wescott.

— Mr. W. F. Harding, of the S. A. L., at Portsmouth, Va., was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Jas. A. Oldham, who has been sick for the past few weeks, was reported as improving yesterday.

— Mr. Frank H. McNeill, who has been attending some of the Courts of this district, returned home yesterday.

— Miss Louise Katz won the prize for scholarship at the recent examination at Cornell's University, New York. This is quite an honor.

— Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Riach returned last evening from an extended visit to the Northern cities. They found both health and pleasure in their trip.

— Messrs. James Sanford, Goldsboro; A. H. Adams, Durham; F. G. Westbrook, Bay View; J. T. McEachin, Laurinburg; D. L. Farrior, E. W. Kerr, North Carolina, and E. D. Kyle, Fayetteville, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

Cotton Notes.

Spot cotton quiet in New York at 9 3-16c for middling; steady in Wilmington at 8¾c. Quotations same day last year 8¾c.

Receipts here yesterday 1,619 bales; same day last year, 4,157.

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR'S want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR'S want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

Sixth Annual Fair.

The Sixth Annual Fair of the Border Exposition of the Carolinas will be held at Maxton, N. C., Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, Oct. 30th and 31st and Nov. 1st. Send for Premium List.

W. B. HARKER,
Secretary and Treasurer.

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LVII.—NO. 16. WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,875

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Local forecast for to-day: Fair; brisk northerly winds.

— Goldsboro was in luck Monday. It had Buffalo Bill's show and a heavy down-pour of rain.

— A party of Turks with three performing bears were among the "distinguished arrivals" yesterday.

— Let us all go down to the wharf Saturday at 12 o'clock noon and bid the *Commodore* a boisterous good-bye.

— The regular monthly meeting of the Woman's Auxiliary will be held at the Y. M. C. A. this afternoon at 4.30.

— The steamer *A. P. Hurt* left Fayetteville Tuesday at 11 a. m., and is expected to arrive here at noon to-day.

— Judge Meares is holding Criminal Court in Newbern this week. Next week he will hold Court in Wilmington.

— There was 15 inches water in the river at Fayetteville Tuesday at 8 a. m.; a rise of two-tenths of a foot in 24 hours.

— Sheriff Hewlett reports a fine rain in the Masonboro section Tuesday afternoon. It lasted three hours, and was a welcome visitor.

— The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Carolina Central Railroad Company will be held in this city at 1 o'clock p. m. to-day.

— L'Arioso German Club is to be reorganized, and for that purpose all members are requested to meet at The Orton Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

— Following were the quotations of cotton at the ports named yesterday: Wilmington, 8⅝; Norfolk, 8⅝; Savannah, 8 7-16, Charleston, 8⅜. Send your cotton to Wilmington.

— The British steamship *Haxby* arrived yesterday to load cotton for Europe at the Champion Compress. It is said she will take out a larger cargo than the *Jeanara*, which carried 11,125 bales.

— The Westminster League of the First Presbyterian Church will hold its regular monthly meeting to-night at 8 o'clock in Anniversary Hall. The congregation is cordially urged to be present.

— The very air is lurid with rumors in regard to the Seaboard Air Line. Important changes in the management are predicted; all of which the STAR will believe when the changes are actually made.

— St. Thomas' Council, No. 98, Catholic Benevolent Legion, of this city, has paid to Mr. M. J. Corbett, beneficiary of the late Wm. C. Corbett, the sum of $2,000, amount of insurance in this council. Mr. Wm. C. Corbett died on the 14th of August last.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—342 bales cotton, 18 casks spirits turpentine, 32 bbls tar, 6 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—1,084 bales cotton, 25 casks spirits turpentine, 60 bbls rosin, 50 bbls tar, 19 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—169 bales cotton.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—94 bales cotton, 7 casks spirits turpentine.

Total receipts—Cotton, 1,609 bales; spirits turpentine, 45 casks; rosin, 50 bbls; tar, 82 bbls; crude turpentine, 25 bbls.

The Late J. J. Pounds.

The remains of Mr. J. J. Pounds were yesterday brought to this city (where he formerly lived) from Laurinburg, where he died, and were accompanied by a committee of Masons, of which order he was a member. A number of the order of this city met the remains at the Carolina Central depot, and this morning at 9 o'clock, at the request of Laurinburg Lodge No. 305, the body will be buried with Masonic honors by St. John's Lodge No. 1 of Wilmington. Carriages will be provided for members of the fraternity.

Steamer Commodore.

The steamer *Commodore*, which has been in charge of U. S. Marshal Carroll for some days, will probably sail next Saturday for her destination with all her cargo. Judge Seymour, of the U. S. District Court, yesterday signed the decree ordering the release of the vessel, and Mr. Sutton, who went over to Newbern yesterday morning with the papers, returned in the evening with the order for the steamer's discharge.

Brown's New Store.

Since his removal to his new location, 29 North Front street, Capt. A. D. Brown has been busily engaged in placing his stock in position, and now every detail has been arranged and he has one of the handsomest stores, with equally handsome goods, ever seen in this city. Capt. Brown is one of our oldest dry goods merchants, but he is a young man still.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

City Court.

Joe Nixon, colored, was tried by Mayor Fishblate, in the City Court yesterday. Nixon was charged with disorderly conduct. He was found guilty and sentenced to pay a fine of $10 or work ten days on the streets.

C. H. Moseley, colored, drunk and disorderly, $5 or five days work on the streets.

OPERA HOUSE.

Shakespeare's "As You Like It" by Effie Ellsler and Her Splendid Company.

Theatre goers were treated to a rare entertainment at the Opera House last night in the presentation of Shakespeare's beautiful pastoral comedy, "As You Like It," by Miss Effie Ellsler and her splendid company of players.

Miss Ellsler is not a stranger in our city, but rather a favorite with all who have had the pleasure of witnessing her many enjoyable appearances here.

Last night she again delighted a good audience as it has always been whenever she has made her appearance on our stage, and those present were lavish in their praise of the manner in which this old and favorite comedy was presented.

Miss Ellsler's company is composed of much good talent, and made almost universally a good impression on its patrons.

The next attraction at the Opera House is "Billy Van's Big Minstrels," which appear Monday night.

FALL STYLES DISPLAYED.

Opening of Messrs. Johnson & Fore's Handsome Goods.

Messrs. Johnson & Fore's store, No. 111 Market street, was thronged last night by ladies of Wilmington, who gathered to see the beautiful display of Fall millinery, dress and fancy goods brought out by the firm for this season. The place was brilliantly illuminated and handsomely decorated for the occasion, and the many rare and beautiful fabrics were charmingly and effectively arranged. There were marvellous effects in silks, satins and other draperies, French bonnets and hats of the latest handsome styles with feather capes to match, jet trimmings in profusion, rich laces and ribbons, and a thousand and one other articles bewilderingly beautiful. The opening continues to-day and to-morrow, and during this time it is safe to say that every lady in the city will be a visitor at Messrs. Johnson & Fore's establishment, to get an idea of the Fall styles or to purchase seasonable hats.

Police Board of Wilmington.

The Police Board were in session yesterday. Col. F. W. Foster presided.

An order was issued to Chief of Police Melton requesting him to take police badges from the scavengers, Hill and Bryant.

Police officer Neilsen, charged with having made a false arrest in taking into custody Mr. J. H. Sykes, for swearing or cursing on the streets, was before the Board, the case having been sent from the City Court by Mayor Fishblate. The Board decided that the policeman was acting under orders when he made the arrest and could not be charged with false arrest.

Complaints of citizens with regard to the bad condition of the fire alarm were brought to the attention of the Board by Col. Foster.

On motion of Dr. S. P. Wright, Col. Foster was appointed a committee of one to investigate and report the cause of the trouble with the fire-alarm system, and the cost of remedying the evil.

On motion, the Board adjourned subject to the call of the chairman.

Prominent Railroaders Here.

Messrs. R. Curzon Hoffman, president; E. St. John, vice-president, and John H. Sharp, treasurer, of the Seaboard Air Line, arrived here last evening in their private car, which was attached to the regular train of the Atlantic Coast Line. They leave for Portsmouth this evening at 7 o'clock by the same route.

Mr. Sharp is here to attend the meeting (as secretary) of the stockholders of the Carolina Central, and Messrs. Hoffman and St. John are here primarily for the same purpose; but they wish the people of Wilmington to know that they are here because they are interested in this port, and that they are anxious to do whatever can be reasonably expected to advance our interests.

Wilmington extends a cordial welcome to these gentlemen, and our citizens regret that their stay here will be so brief.

The Lumberton Fair.

The second annual exhibit of the Robeson County Agricultural and Live Stock Association will be held at Lumberton, October 15th to 18th inclusive. The managers have been working with untiring energy, and offer a most attractive programme. In addition to the regular premium list, there is an unusually large number of special premiums that are well worth contending for. There will be racing every day for valuable purses. For premium list, rules and regulations, address N. A. McLean, or C. B. Skipper, secretary.

FIRE AT PORTSMOUTH, VA.

Freight Warehouses and Box Cars of the S. A. L. with Merchandise Destroyed.]

A special to the STAR last night from Portsmouth, Va., says that fire broke out about 7.15 o'clock p. m. in Warehouse D, of the S. A. L., and it was totally destroyed, together with nine box-cars laden with general merchandise, and about half the cargo from the Old Dominion steamship, which was at the pier unloading. A large pile of lumber and staves was also on fire. Warehouse B, of the S. A. L., was in danger at one time, but was saved by the firemen.

Marriage at Grace Church.

A large crowd assembled last night at Grace Methodist Church to witness the marriage of Miss Bessie Maunder to Mr. W. L. Kinney, Superintendent of the Wilmington Oil Mills. The ceremonies were very pretty and conducted by Rev. W. C. Norman. After leaving the church a few friends went to the residence of the bride's father, Mr. J. Frank Maunder, where a reception was held. The congratulations were numerous, and presents by the score were sent the couple.

RALEIGH HAPPENINGS.

JOHN B. HUSSEY'S SUIT AGAINST THE NEWS-OBSERVER.

It is For $10,000 Damages—The Wild West Show—Maj. John C. Winder—Wilmingtonians Appointed Marshals For the State Fair—The A. & M. College—Illicit Distilleries Seized by Revenue Raiders.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Oct. 9.

John B. Hussey, of Washington, D. C., private secretary to Senator Butler and correspondent of the *Caucasian* under the nom de plume of "Jonathan Edwards," is in the city. He was in consultation last evening with his counsel, Spier Whitaker, in regard to his suit against the *News & Observer* for $10,000 damages. It was thought that the case would come up at the term of Civil Court, which meets here two weeks hence, but it is likely that it will not come up until January. Mr. Hussey has secured the services of Day and MacRae as counsel in the case. A number of cases of note will come up at the next term of court.

Buffalo Bill's Wild West struck town this morning. The number of people already on the streets is estimated at fully ten thousand. A great many people have come in from the country and from surrounding towns on the trains.

Major John C. Winder, is in New York, where he is undergoing treatment.

The following gentlemen from Wilmington have been appointed marshals to the State Fair: John D Bellamy, Jr, Jr, Jr, T G Empie, E P Willard, John D Bellamy, Jr, Jr, George L Peschau, J W Yates, I H Manning, Pride J Thomas, George H Howell, E J Woodward, C W Yates, Jr, L J P Cutlar, A W Bolden, Adam Empie, Ed Daniel, F L Meares, George Southerland, Hugh L Miller, R L Williams, Chas H Robinson, Robert DeRosset, P B Manning, E S Tennent, James M Stephenson.

J. S. Pogue, a white man, is under arrest at Winston, charged with the murder of an unknown infant in Virginia. The arrest was made by a detective. The Governor of Virginia has been notified.

The registration for the county road law is very light so far.

The contract for putting in the steam heating apparatus at the Agricultural and Mechanical College has been let to Allen & Cram, of this city.

A forty-five gallon still was seized by Deputy Gibson at Ophir, Montgomery county, and a 125 gallon illicit distillery was seized in Durham county by Deputy Collector Shelbourn.

Wm. F. Cody was presented to the Governor and staff by Maj. E. M. Hays, U. S. A. The Governor received Cody at the mansion.

Katz & Polvogt's "Warming."

The house warming week at Katz & Polvogt's still continues since last Monday. The store has been crowded daily with customers and spectators, who found the store tastily decorated with ferns and evergreens. Cameirero's band has furnished music to enliven the occasion. The various departments have been arranged in first class style and are inviting. The dry goods department down stairs, under the numerous clerks, is tastily arranged and those who take in the "warmings" are well pleased with their entertainment. The carpet department up stairs, under the supervision of Mr. Wiley T. Johnson and Mr. Carl Polvogt, is a special feature, and the very handsome way in which the carpets, rugs, mattings, &c., are arranged is a novelty and causes commendation from the visitors.

Second Regiment Band.

The members of the Second Regiment Band will celebrate next Thursday night, Oct. 17th, the fifth anniversary of its organization. The committee of arrangements consists of Messrs. Jas. W. Monroe (chairman), Jas. E. Willson, W. A. Martin and S. A. Schloss. An entertainment will be given to which members will invite a few of their friends. There will be vocal and instrumental music and a recitation by a lady friend, after which refreshments will be served.

The Band is to be congratulated upon attaining its fifth anniversary with all its original members save one or two, and the STAR hopes that it will celebrate many more anniversaries.

The Band will have a special rehearsal to-night in preparation for the anniversary celebration.

Opera House Orchestra.

The Opera House has a new orchestra which made its first appearance last night. It is first-class in every particular, although they have had only a few practices. It is selected from the Second Regiment Band and renders excellent music. The following compose the orchestra and play the instruments: First violin, Mr. S. A. Schloss; second violin; Mr. Mag Shrier; first cornet, Mr. Arthur Whiteley; second cornets, Messrs. P. F. Alderman and R. D. Wescott; clarionets, Messrs. W. A. Martin and Wm. Rehder; trombone, Mr. Geo. L. Harmon; piano, Mr. Alfred Yopp; kettle drum, Mr. Henry Newman.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

Encyclopedia Britannica.

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopedia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on third page, or inquire at the STAR office.

Frost.

Weather Bureau Observer Graham said in his synopsis yesterday:

"Light to heavy frosts have occurred in all the Northern and Northwestern States, reaching as far South as central Mississippi. It will probably be cold enough for frost in this vicinity to-night, but it is believed that it will be too windy for frost to form."

HAULED 1,900 TONS.

Another Wonderful Performance by the Electric Locomotive.

[*Baltimore Sun.*]

A new record was added yesterday to the list of remarkable performances made by the big electric locomotive of the Belt Railroad.

Forty-four loaded cars and three steam locomotives were successfully hauled through the tunnel by the electric giant. Its greatest haul previously had been thirty-seven loaded cars.

The extraordinary character of the performance was heightened by the fact that this long train, measuring over 1,800 feet and weighing about 1,900 tons, was started after making a stop in the tunnel. The stop was made on the heavy grade in the tunnel, and was caused by the discovery of a defective coupling pin. It was necessary to bring the train to a standstill to remedy this defect. In starting not a sputter, spark or slip of wheel indicated the tremendous energy which was developed by the locomotive, the train moving off with the same precision as if it was only a usual pull. A draw-bar pull of 60,000 pounds was the record made at this start.

The train was quickly brought up to a speed of twelve miles an hour, with the locomotive continually exerting a draw-bar pull of over 40,000 pounds. This performance, the electrical engineers say, would be impossible of achievement for a steam locomotive.

NITROUS OXIDE GAS.

Its Use As An Anæsthetic—A Fatal Case in New York.

The fatalities resulting from the use of nitrous oxide gas as an anæsthetic are so infinitesimally small that they are hardly worth considering. The elder Dr. Hunter, of Fayetteville, who stands so high in the dental profession, once told us that the number of deaths from the cause mentioned above was about one out of 200,000 cases. On account of its rarity, therefore, the following account of a fatal case, taken from the New York *Commercial Advertiser*, will attract attention:

"It was decided by the Coroner today to have an inquest in the case of Mrs. Flora Joseph of No. 143 Eighty-second street, who died on Saturday after the administration of nitrous oxide gas by Richard Wolff, of No. 315 East Eighty-sixth street. The autopsy made by Coroner's physician Huber yesterday showed that Mrs. Joseph had no organic disease. Her husband says that she was never sick a day in her life. Dr. Huber said to-day that the taking of any form of anæsthetics was perilous to life and that in the case of Mrs. Joseph death might have been caused, even though the dentist observed every possible precaution."

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Wilmington Postoffice October 10, 1895:

WOMEN'S LIST.

B—Miss Fannie Brown, Miss Mary A Brown. C—Miss Ida Croom, Mrs Mary C Council. H—Mrs Annie Hamers, K—Miss Hassie King. Miss E S Lovell. M—Miss Mary McLaney, Mrs Josephine Munford, Mrs Jane Merrick, Miss Susan McLean, Miss Martha McNeill, Miss Mamie Miller. S—Mrs Richard Small, Mrs Walter Struter, Mrs Frances Singletery. W—Miss Agnes V Williams.

MEN'S LIST.

B—A Bartholomus. C—J W Carr, Mr Jimmie Craig. D—Mr W A Dickson. F—B F Fails, Mr N E Farrow, W H Falk, Mr Charley Green, Mr Grant Green. H—A S Hendorson. J—Capt John Johnson. M—Johnnie Megus, Willie Moxley. N—Mr Bob Nickols, Mr Geo Neal, Mr Silas Nillon. P—Mr D C Phillips, Mr Suzlan Prince. R—Mr Nick Richards, Classcow Spoke Co.

RETURNED FROM DEAD-LETTER OFFICE

E Douglass, Flora Johnson.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in 15 days, they will be sent to the dead letter office.

GEO. L. MORTON, Postmaster.

NEW YORK TRUCK MARKET.

Full and Reliable Reports of Markets For Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—Peaches in good demand and mostly for fancy, which are steady. Carrier, $1.50@2.00; do. crate, $1.00@1.1.50; do. basket, 60c@1.25. Sweet potatoes unchanged, selling mostly at $1.75@1.88. Sweet potatoes $1.62@3.00.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice.

THE MEMBERS OF L'ARIOSO GERMAN Club are hereby notified that there will be a meeting of the club at the Orton Friday evening, October 11th, at 8 o'clock. All members are requested to attend.

By order of the
oct 10 1t PRESIDENT.

St. John's Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. M.

BRETHREN—You will assemble at St. John's Hall this (Thursday) morning, at 9 o'clock, for the purpose of paying the last tribute of respect to the memory of our deceased brother, J. J. Pounds, of Laurinburg Lodge No. 305. Visiting brethren cordially invited to attend. Carriages will be provided for members of the fraternity.

WM. M. POISSON,
oct 10 1t Secretary.

Foreclosure Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF THE POWER OF SALE CONTAINED in a mortgage made by Washington Mosely to Hanover Building & Loan Association, duly registered in New Hanover county, the undersigned will sell to the highest bidder, at public auction, for cash, at the Court House door in Wilmington, on Thursday, 24th October, 1895, at 12 o'clock noon, the following lot of Land in said city: Beginning at the intersection of the northern line of Bladen street, with the east line of Eighth street, runs thence north with the eastern line of Eighth street 66 feet, thence east parallel with Bladen street 33 feet, thence south parallel with Eighth street 66 feet to Bladen street, thence west with the northern line of Bladen street 33 feet to beginning.

J. D. BELLAMY, JR.,
oct 4 30t Att'y for Mortgagee.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER,

Jno. D. Bellamy, Jr.,
vs.
Emanuel Haggett et al.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE SUPERIOR Court obtained in the above cause, the undersigned commissioner will expose for sale at the Court House door of New Hanover County, to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, at 12 o'clock m., on 9th day of November, 1895, the following described real estate situate in the city of Wilmington, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the northern line of Campbell street 66 feet west of the western line of Sixth street, runs thence northwardly parallel with Sixth street 330 feet, thence westwardly parallel with Campbell street 66 feet, thence south parallel with Sixth street 330 feet to Campbell street, thence east 66 feet to the beginning, the same being parts of lots 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 of Block No. 250, according to the official plan of the city of Wilmington, N. C.

GEO. H HOWELL,
oct 10 1 s Commissioner.

THE MORNING STAR,
THE OLDEST
DAILY NEWSPAPER
IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Rushed With Business.

The season has opened in our

CARPET DEPARTMENT.

And we are crowded with business, because we carry the most complete line in the city. "First come, first served" is our motto, and we expect a good many sensible people to buy this week.

BLANKETS AND COMFORTS,
SHAWLS AND CURTAINS,
CLOAKS & CHENILLE GOODS,

Can be found on third floor.

A line of Small All Wool Shawls at 25c, will interest you.

Our $2.75 Lace Curtains

Are just what thousands of people want. They do not know where to find them. We have them, and they are good enough for any home. Third floor.

THOSE BEAUTIFUL CAPES AND JACKETS,

Rough effects with Satin Trimmings, are the latest styles, and the admiration of all the men—$9.50 to $12.00. Third floor.

C. & B. CORSETS at 50c, 75c and $1.00. Perfect fitting, unbreakable. Third floor.

DRESS GOODS.

The busiest department in the State. Every lady in the city that wants Nice Dress Good and the latest lining, can be found in this department at some time during the day.

THOSE WOOL AND MOHAIR SUITINGS

Are certainly the most durable fabric that foreign ingenuity has succeeded in producing. 60c yard.

PLAID SERGES.

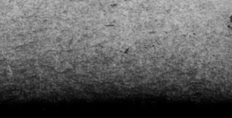
The combinations are Marvels of Beauty, and they look so comfortable. Twenty-five patterns—60 and 75c yard.

THOSE PLAID FLANNEL SUITINGS

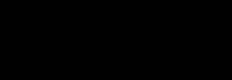
Ought to go now. They are certainly the Best Material for children's school dresses. Only 37½c per yard.

Kid Gloves.

The Cluze Patent Thumb Glove.



The Perfection of Fit, Elegance & Comfort



$1.00 a Pair.

Sole agent for Foster's Gloves. The Newest and Most Durable Glove on the market is the Foster Street Glove at $1.50.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK

No. 29 North Front St.
oct 6 tf

Everybody Who Wears

SHOES

WILL DO WELL TO CALL ON

MERCER & EVANS,

at the Old Stand of H. C. Evans, on Princess street, before purchasing elsewhere. We have some EXCELLENT BARGAINS always on hand, which it will pay you to see.

Call early and often on

Mercer & Evans,

aug 18 tf 115 Princess St.

100 Barrels

FAT, LARGE SIZE SEPTEMBER MULLETS,

Coffee, Sugar, Rice, Canned Goods, Cheese, &c., which I offer at lowest prices.

B. F. KEITH,
oct 6 tf 128 and 130 North Water Street, Wilmington, N. C.

WHEN AUTUMN COMES

NEW STYLES

Come with it, and every man in town with any Idea of Dress comes to us for styles as a matter of course.

The best ready-made Suits is only a travesty of correctness. It isn't even a clever masquerade. Banish all Ready-made misfits from your wardrobe, and get something

Stylish and Handsome

produced to order and faultless in fit and correct in every detail of workmanship.

We Fit Our Customers,

That's our rule, and it stands like rock bottom.

The belated Summer Suits has now no place in the wear of the gentleman of style, who if not already provided for the Fall makes no delay.

We are making up Suits to order from $11.25 and up.

Pants made to order for $3.00. And before you condemn our goods come and look and compare them with others.

C. B. GORDON,

Northeast Cor. Front and Market St.
sep 22 tf

Shoes, Shoes,

Oh, we have not only thought about that live energetic boy of yours, but we have provided for him. He will want shoes for school wear. We have the shoe—a regular wear-defying shoe—we can show you a complete line of Youth's and Boy's Lace and Button Shoes at $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 and $2.00. If you will examine our shoes you will be astonished at our Low Prices. If you are not interested in Boy Shoes, come in and see our shoes for dress, street, outing, all purposes, for all ages and pocketbooks. We will more than please you.

Geo. R. French & Sons.
oct 6 tf

Visit the Largest

Variety Store in the City.

Cheapest Place

To buy Goods of Every Description

"BARGAINS"

IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

FULL STOCK!
NEW GOODS!
LOWEST PRICES!

Respectfully,

J. H. REHDER & CO.

617 and 619 North Front Street.

Car fare paid on all purchases of $3 and over.
oct 6 tf

Wanted $10,000.

Gilt-edge security. Write to

J. HICKS BUNTING,

Y. M. C. A. Building,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Yes, we want $10,000, but we don't want to borrow it. We don't want to beg it and we don't want to steal it. We just want to make it in a couple of years We don't want to counterfeit Uncle Sam's money either, we just want to earn it legitimately. Our gilt-edge security is in selling the best quality of goods at a reasonable margin of profit. If we don't make a reasonable profit we've got to starve or steal. The one lands us in the penitentiary and the other carries us to our grave. We are not anxious to take up our abode at either place yet awhile.

We don't and we won't run a cheap John drug shop and sacrifice quality for price. Quality ranks first and price follows.

Those who prefer the best Drugs, &c., at moderate prices, know where to go to.

Bunting's Pharmacy.

Those who wish cheap Medicines they know where to go to, too. sep 22 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily news paper n North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 5 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, OCT. 10, 1895

WHY NOT?

The policy of this Government has been from the beginning to encourage the Republican sentiment in this hemisphere, and public sympathy was always quick to express itself for the people of any country that struck for self government. As one of the results of this, every country in this hemisphere is now under a Government Republican in form except Canada, which, however, enjoys home rule, and a few foreign possessions at the extreme South. The last monarchy disappeared with the dethroning of Dom Pedro, of Brazil, who by the way was one of the most democratic of rulers, who ruled over an Empire which was in fact more of a Republic than an Empire. But it was called a monarchy and that was a sufficient reason why the people of this country sympathized with those who rose up against it, and why this Government was among the first to recognize the Republic established on the ruins of the monarchy, as it has been among the first to recognize the Republics in every other country where the spirit of freedom and desire for self-government have asserted themselves.

There is within a few hours sail of our shores an island over which the Kingdom of Spain claims dominion. It claims dominion simply for the revenue it can force out of the people. As for giving it good government or so ruling as to better the condition of the people, or to promote their prosperity in any way, this never occurred to the Spanish lawmakers, who have looked upon Cuba as a fit subject for spoliation, a sponge to be squeezed, whose people had no right to protest against the plundering or to intimate that they didn't like the squeezing. This has been a blundering, heartless policy in which stupidity and barbarity struggle for pre-eminence, but it is characteristic of the Spaniards, who retain all the pride and domineering spirit of the days when they were a power in the world without any of the dash or heroism. Once masters of all the territory South of us they have lost it all by their incapacity to rule and hold possession. The Queen of the Antilles is all that remains to them and this they would have lost long ago if it hadn't been for the indirect assistance this Government has given them in holding possession of it. With all that it has cost them hundreds of millions of treasure and thousands on thousands of lives to retain their grip on that island, whose people for a hundred years have never been willing subjects and who have many times endeavored to throw off the Spanish yoke.

They have in every attempt had the good will of the American people, and in every attempt have been at least indirectly antagonized by the American Government, which felt bound by its construction of its duty in the premises to close its ears to the cry for recognition and its eyes to the blood that flowed so freely, the blood of patriots, and to the barbarities perpetrated by the heartless, blood-thirsty soldiers who murdered for pay, as they are doing now.

Cuba naturally belongs to this country. It is substantially as much a part of it as Florida. Its people have always wanted to come to us; we have felt that they ought to be with us. We have tried to buy the island and once offered $100,000,000 for it, which Spain rejected as unceremoniously as if the offer was an intimation of poverty and an insult. She has spent three times as much in holding forcible possession of the island, and then levied tribute upon the people to indemnify herself for the money she spent to keep them enslaved.

How long is this drama of blood and fire and rapine to go on right at our doors and we take no action? How many times must these people struggle to be free before they receive the recognition they are entitled to? How long must the right be conceded to the foreign power to shoot them down and murder them in cold blood when captured because they assert the right to protect themselves from oppression, the same right which our fathers asserted 119 years ago, which gave us independence and them immortality? What must a struggling people do, what achieve to entitle them to recognition as belligerents?

For nearly two years actual warfare has been waged in Cuba; patriotic armies have been put into the field; they have met the soldiers sent to whip them into submission and have frequently whipped these soldiers. Altogether over 50,000 troops have been landed on the island, and yet the "insurgents," as they are called, are as bold and defiant as ever, and notwithstanding that they have received the recognition of no government, and have consequently been compelled to secure their supplies of arms and munitions of war surreptitiously, they have not only held their own, but the cause has grown until the spirit of resistance and the determination to be free have spread over the whole island. They have established a provisional government, and are about to proclaim a declaration of independence.

These heroic fighters for self-government have won the right to be recognized as belligerents, and in keeping with the traditional policy of this Government it should be the first to grant that recognition. That will mean independence for Cuba in a little while, another republic almost in sight of Florida, and ultimately another star added to the 46 on the American flag. Such recognition, and that promptly, this Government not only owes to the gallant Cubans, but to itself.

MINOR MENTION.

There has been a good deal said and written about bad farming methods in the South, and there was good reason for all that has been said and written, but bad farming methods are not peculiar to the South. They are found also in the West and to them may be attributed much of the agricultural depression in that section. As so many of the farmers of the South, under the old methods, ran in the all cotton, one crop rut, so many of the farmers of the West putting their main dependence upon wheat followed that up year after year, until they wore the lands out and so exhausted them that land which originally produced from forty to sixty bushels per acre could not yield more than ten or five. It was simply land butchery. They found land that yielded abundantly without assistance and laboring under the delusion that it would never need assistance worked it to death, and worked themselves in the direction of the poor house at the same time. Necessity forced a change. In some sections these impoverished, mortgage-oppressed wheat-growers abandoned wheat, went to raising corn and hogs, grass and cattle and establishing dairies, and from that time their fortunes began to improve and they are now among the most prosperous and independent people in those parts. Their lands have risen in value, immigration is coming in to them, the population is increasing, there is no more emigration, the have ceased making mortgages, and are wondering why in the world they were so long in discovering what was the matter.

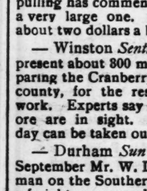
* * *

President Cleveland has done well to decline the tender of military escorts on his visit to the Atlanta Exposition. The presumption is that these tenders were made as a mark of respect to the President of the United States, the highest office in the gift of man, but this is not a military Government but a Government of the people, as far removed from the military idea as it was possible to make it. The soldier is a necessary part of the Government, and sometimes a heroic part, but the tendency has for some years been to drift too much that way and to give undue prominence to the sword and bayonet. Nearly all our public demonstrations of a State character are turned into military pageants, and Presidents or Governors can scarcely move in their official capacities without the presence or tender of military escorts, which in the eyes of the masses look more like body guards than escorts of honor. We are just democratic enough to believe that the President of the United States ought to travel, whether in his official capacity or as a private citizen, with as little ostentation and display as any other citizen, and hence we cordially commend the democratic spirit and utterance in President Cleveland's letter declining the escort tendered him by the Hartford Company.

* * *

The journey of the Liberty Bell from Philadelphia to Atlanta was a triumphant one along the entire route after it crossed the Potomac, which culminated in a most enthusiastic reception by the many thousands of people who greeted its arrival at Atlanta. Of course it was not the bell, a mere thing of metal, which inspired all this patriotic enthusiasm, but the event of which that bell was the loud-tongued heralder 119 years ago, an event which was the prelude to the upbuilding of the greatest Republic the world has ever seen,—and one which has exercised more influence in shaping the destinies of the world than any other one action of men since the dawn of creation. The bell was honored not for what it is but for what it represents, a reminder of the heroism of our fathers who enmindful of the danger or the consequences to them, bound together by the common love of liberty, rallied at the call of that bell to maintain that Declaration of Independence, not as Northerners, not as Southerners, but as Americans, and so not as Southerners, not as Northerners, but as Americans it is welcomed and honored now wherever it goes by the sons and daughters of the Americans of that day and the millions of others who have become sons or daughters by or through adoption.

HEART DISEASE, like many other ailments when they have taken hold of the system, never gets better of its own accord, but *Constantly grows worse.* There are thousands who know they have a defective heart, but will not admit the fact. They don't want their friends to worry, and *Don't know what to take for it,* as they have been told time and again that heart disease was incurable. Such was the case of Mr. Silas Farley of Dyesville, Ohio who writes June 19, 1894, as follows:



"I had heart disease for 23 years, my heart hurting me almost continually. The first 15 years I doctored all the time, trying several physicians and remedies, until my last doctor told me it was only a question of time as I could not be cured. I gradually grew worse, very weak, and completely discouraged, until I lived, propped half up in bed, because I *couldn't lie down* nor sit up. Thinking my time had come I told my family what I wanted done when I was gone. But on the first day of March on the recommendation of Mrs. Fannie Jones, of Anderson, Ind., I commenced taking *Dr. Miles' New Cure for the Heart* and wonderful to tell, in ten days I was working at light work and on March 19 commenced framing a barn, which is heavy work, and I hav'nt lost a day since. I am 56 years old, 6 ft. 4½ inches and weigh 250lbs. *I believe I am fully cured,* and I am now only anxious that everyone shall know of your wonderful remedies."

Dyesville, Ohio. SILAS FARLEY.

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure
Restores Health

Dr. Miles' Pain Pills, "One cent a dose."
For sale by all Druggists.
June 15 1y sa tu th change.

BOOK NOTICES.

The Southern States for September contains some very instructive and interesting articles on truck and fruit farming, the agricultural possibilities of the South, and others showing the progress of this section. Published by the Baltimore Manufacturers' Record Publishing Company, Baltimore, Md.

"Washington, or the Revolution," is the title of a drama by Ethan Allen just issued from the presses of F. Tennyson Neely, Chicago and New York. It is divided into two parts, each part consisting of five acts, and is really a dramatic history of the revolution. We are in receipt of part first, a neatly printed volume of 198 pages, conveniently indexed. Price, 50 cents.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— England is acting boldly with the Chinese, now that the Japanese have demonstrated how weak the Flowery Empire really is. It appears that Chang Chen Tung, who is a kind of Chinese "Know Nothing," is about to be disciplined summarily by Admiral Buller, and not through the agency of the Imperial Government of Pekin.—*N. Y. Mercury, Dem.*

—— Mr. William E. Curtis, who has spent six months investigating trade conditions in the Orient, calls attention to the curious fact that while Japan gets most of her cotton from this country, it reaches her in a round about way from Liverpool. This is bad merchandizing, and the transportation lines ought to better it. A straight line should be the shortest distance between the Southern cotton fields and the Japanese mills.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Charlotte *News*: Mrs. M. J. Alexander, an aged lady of Pineville township, died at her home last night from an attack of typhoid fever. She was 72 years of age and was held in high esteem by all who knew her.

— Carthage *Blade*: Mrs. John Vick, who resided five miles northeast of this town, died last Saturday. —— Corn pulling has commenced and the crop is a very large one. It will likely sell at about two dollars a barrel in a month.

— Winston *Sentinel*: There are at present about 300 men engaged in preparing the Cranberry mine, in Mitchell county, for the resumption of active work. Experts say that 400,000 tons of ore are in sight. A thousand tons a day can be taken out.

— Durham *Sun*: On the 22d of September Mr. W. L. Landrum, a brakeman on the Southern Railway, fell from a freight car, caused by the handle on top pulling out and rotton wood giving away, from which he sustained very painful injuries from which he will not quite likely get over for some time, has instituted suit against the company for $10,000 damages.

— Charlotte *Observer*: Calvin Eller was convicted of murder in the second degree at Ashe Court, for killing Roy Latham last April. —— Mr. C. M. Carson got back Saturday night from Atlanta. He says the Exposition is a credit to the South. The display of Southern products is fine. North Carolina leads all other States in gems:

— Salisbury *Herald*: A horrible accident occurred here on the Southern between 12 and 1 o'clock last night. A freight train from the north was approaching the depot and just about Gaskill's factory a white tramp who was stealing a ride fell from the car upon which he was riding. The unfortunate man fell under the train and about a third of the cars passed over him, mangling his body in a frightful manner.

— Lenoir *Topic*: A gentleman from Buffalo Cove sold apples here last week for 70 cents per bushel. That they were extra fine may be inferred from the fact that ordinary apples were selling for 20 cents. —— Caldwell is a good county for almost every body except liquor men. For some reason or other that industry does not prosper here. There is perhaps less brandy and whiskey made and sold in Caldwell than in any county in this section of the State.

OH, ASK ME NOT TO SING!

Oh, ask me not to sing,
To sing gay songs tonight;
Once my voice would ring
With songs so gay, so bright.

Then life was new to me,
My heart knew naught of strife,
I wandered then with thee
The dewy fields of life.

But, oh, that time is past,
And joy from me has fled;
"My heart is like a rose"
With all its fragrance shed.

The song I'll sing tonight
In plaintive tones for thee
Is one of grief and tears—
It is most fit for me.

—W. B. Corwin in Chicago Inter Ocean

HABITS OF THE CITY PIGEON.

He Soon Drops Country Ways and Gets to Be a Bird of the World.

The city pigeon affords an illustration of the radical change which artificial surroundings produce in animals and birds. Naturally one of the shyest of birds, the pigeon, after a short experience of urban life, becomes as thoroughly at home as the sparrow. But while sociable and confiding, the pigeon is never obtrusive or impudent, as his little British cousin is. Pigeons settle down on the busiest streets and gather up the food which is scattered about in abundance with a quick, energetic motion of the head, as undisturbed by the clatter of the forest of horses' legs about them as if they were in the primeval groves of their ancestors. Horses in getting at the bottom of their noonday nosebags spill a great deal of the grain, and the gutters are favorite resorts for the birds.

On this account the proposition which has been ventured on several occasions of abolishing the practice of making a kind of equine lunch counter of the space around the city and county building would not be popular in pigeondom, particularly that part of pigeondom which has its headquarters on the roof of that imposing structure. This has through many administrations been a favorite breeding place for the birds, and they literally swarm there. They may be seen all day long fluttering among the capitals of the pillars or perching on the head of Demosthenes or some other of the stone notables over the entrances. Occasionally in the summer time one of them flies through an open window into one of the offices, and on one occasion one of them interrupted the proceedings in a dry case of law by fluttering into one of the courtrooms.

In the winter time the big warm chimneys afford a comfortable shelter from the winds, and the sparrows resort there a good deal also. A good many people in the outskirts of town and in the suburbs have pigeon boxes in their barns, but most of the pigeons down town have nests around the big elevators. They get fat from the leakage of the grain cars along the tracks and are seldom molested by anything more formidable than the small boy with his "nigger shooter," as the elevators are kept as nearly ratproof as possible.—Chicago Tribune.

Tar Products.

In his new process of obtaining products from tar, Stringfellow of London claims to insure the best results in a strikingly simplified manner. The tar, say one ton, to be treated is put into a suitable vessel, and about 1 per cent of an alkali or other saponifying agent is then added, and the compound well mixed with a ton of water. Before the water has time to separate from the tar about one-fifth of a ton of petroleum oil of 0.820 specific gravity is added and slowly stirred into the tarry mixture until the free oil becomes of a reddish color. It will then be found that the compound has been separated into three parts —namely, a red, oily extract of light gravity, not mixable in water; a substance of soft unctuous pitch, containing some water and resembling Stockholm pitch in appearance and general characteristics, and a discolored watery liquor. While the separating action is progressing the light, oily extract and the water can be drawn off, so as to promote the exudation from the pitch which remains in the vessel.

A Forgotten Corner of the East.

An opening into one of the few remaining lands of mystery has been made by the recent visit to the Afghan boundary commission of two Kaffirs from the country of Sia-posh. This singular people, inhabiting the wild mountain tracts between Kashmir and Cabul, cannot be confidently traced to any exact origin. The name "Kaffir," given by their Moslem neighbors, only indicates that they are not Mohammedans. Their other generic appellation, Sia-posh, has reference to their clothing. Their actual origin and race character remain unknown. Their total number is vaguely estimated at 200,000, broken up into independent and often antagonistic tribes or clans.

Fair and blue eyed, using chairs, drinking wine and saluting by shaking hands, they are fond of dancing and refresh themselves with home brewed wine. Here are some of the elements surely of European civilization in this forgotten corner of the east, and it is to be added that the Kaffirs use a language in which both roots and inflections have often reminded inquirers of Greek.

On such grounds a theory has been advanced that they may be descended from Macedonian stragglers left behind in the march of Alexander the Great from Babylon to the banks of the Sutlej. What is certain is that they have for ages defended the passes to their little Switzerland with rude weapons, but indomitable resolution. The country is about equal in size to the Grisons and the Valais together and is believed to contain a quantity of high and bold Alpine scenery.—London World.

Tiger Hunting.

The season for tiger hunting begins in April and lasts until the monsoon. During this time it is intensely hot. Water courses fail, springs go dry, pools evaporate. Then wild beasts of all kinds leave those remoter tracts to which they retire at other seasons and gather about drinking places in foothills and jungly lowlands.

In beating for a tiger the start is never made early in the day. This creature, whose structure forms an unequaled mechanism for offense, possesses little endurance in the heat of the sun, supports thirst very badly and soon breaks down from scorched feet if harried by day. Therefore when the lair is found sportsmen wait until the sun rises before going out.

Their hunt is almost certain to be among those ravines where the tiger always lies up, and not usually until the last extremity will he break out into the burning plains. Still tigers are not organic machines, made to act by instinct in an invariable manner. Some will assault at sight, others skulk and dodge in nalas for a long period before the beaters and will not attack until wounded. No human being who has not seen tigers fight can conceive what their charge is like.—Outing.

The Flint river, in Michigan, was called by the Indians Perwonigo, "the river of the flint," from the abundance of this stone on its banks.

* * *

We should be as courteous to a man as we are to a picture which we are willing to give the advantage of the best light.—Emerson.

Ten gas companies had, in 1865, a monopoly of the lighting of Paris.

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS office. Suitable for wrapping paper.

KANSAS CITY GHOSTS

FAMOUS SPOOKS OF THE TOWN ON THE BIG MUDDY.

The Original Ghost Is From a Case of Fratricide—How the Santa Fe Spook Was Laid—How a Man With the "Jimjams" Stirred Up a Jail Full of Criminals.

It may be true that conscience makes cowards of us all, but with the ignorant and superstitious conscience is not a circumstance when compared to a vivid imagination. The greatest coward on earth is the person who sees in every dark shadow, in each deserted house and around every dismal building the restless spirit of some departed sinner whose crimes will not allow him to enter heaven, who is doomed to wander around this earth until Gabriel's trumpet is sounded, who must hover near the scene of his former misdeeds until the last day.

The place by popular consent most adapted to ghost wanderings and the place most fruitful in the production of the bona fide article is naturally the graveyard. The drearier, gloomier and more mournful the aspect of the graveyard the more ghosts. But the real believer in spooks and spirits does not deem it necessary to go among the tombs and graves of the dead to find a spirit.

Ghosts are numerous. They can be found in all sections of the country. There is not a village nor a deserted country house nor a railroad bridge but has its ghost. But the ghosts are not all confined to the country by any means. There have been several in Kansas City that have gained extensive notoriety on account of their many visitations, and the parts of the city in which they are wont to disport themselves are still eyed with suspicion and looked upon askance by the inhabitants of Belvidere Hollow, Hick's Hollow and other portions of the city thickly settled by the descendants of Ham.

The oldest, the original ghost that is most vividly in the memory of the superstitious and is most often the topic of grewsome whispers among the people mentioned, walked the levee between Main street and Broadway 12 years ago. One winter's night, the story goes, a man was lying in wait for an enemy on the levee. In his hand he clutched a ponderous double barreled shotgun loaded with nails and slugs. He saw a man walking down the levee. In the dim, flickering light he thought he recognized his enemy. He raised his gun, fired and hurried away. The next day he read in the papers that his brother's body had been found on the levee, horribly mangled and torn. The murderer winced, but kept his secret. Then the dead brother's ghost began to walk. Every night, at the same hour of the shooting, it could be seen on the levee. Each time it would walk straight to the spot where the body had fallen. Then the ghost would fall, go through a death struggle and disappear. It kept this up for years, and there are those who say it does it still.

The second healthy, well developed ghost disported itself in the ruins of the old Santa Fe Stage Coach company's office at Second and Main streets in 1886. So generally known did it become that often large crowds would congregate and await the appearance of the nocturnal visitor. Early one evening a young man who wished to investigate a little went into the ruins. When he emerged from them an hour later, he found a large crowd standing on the opposite side of the street, near the jail, watching for ghosts. Some one in the crowd, thinking that the young man had been playing ghost, threw a brick at the investigator, striking him on the head. He fell senseless with a gaping wound in his head. The Santa Fe ghost has not been seen since.

In 1887 there was a story afloat that at 19 o'clock each night a ghostly cable train glided down the incline between Walnut and Main streets and disappeared into space. In the grip car, guiding the train, was the ghost of a gripman who had died a short time before, after having been insane for some time, the result of grief over the fact that his train had run down and killed a pedestrian. Crowds congregated at the junction nightly to see the strange sight. For the most part they went away disappointed, although there was plenty who declared they had seen "it."

Another story, in which a ghost was never seen, but which smacked strongly of spooks, was the Conway murder on East Eighteenth street, between Oak and Locust, in 1885. Mrs. Conway, a young woman, and her little girl were beaten to death with a coupling pin. The murderer or murderers were never caught. Suspicion pointed toward two men, but there was no evidence. Both of them afterward died horrible deaths—one of the glanders and the other of cancer. The ghost of the victims never walked openly, but that section of the city was given a wide berth by the true believers for many months afterward.

Last, but not least, were the ghosts of Clark and Jones, the men hung for murdering Mme. Wright in 1893. These ghosts materialized in the jails, one at Independence and one in Kansas City. The scare lasted for some weeks, and the negro prisoners were thrown into a state of terror by any strange sounds. One night, when the jail was in a state of comparative quiet, a drunken prisoner, who had just been brought in, had an attack of "jimjams." By some strange coincidence he was placed in the cell once occupied by Clark, and the prisoners soon located the groaning of the unfortunate man. The negroes, not knowing that the cell was occupied, supposed that the noise was made by a departed spirit, and all started to howling with the "ghost." The effect was something that can be imagined better than it can be described. Since the Clark ghost left the jail Kansas City has been bereft of spirits, and Belvidere Hollow is breathing more easily than it has for years.—Kansas City Times.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve our little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure to ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey or other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old People find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents per bottle at R R BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

How to Fry with Cottolene

Fry everything from potato chips to doughnuts in Cottolene. Put Cottolene in a cold pan—heat it slowly until it will delicately brown a bit of bread in half a minute. Then put in your food. It will pay you to try Cottolene just this way—see how delicious and wholesome it makes the food.

Get the genuine, sold everywhere in one, three, and five pound tins, with trade-marks—"Cottolene" and steer's head in cotton-plant wreath—on every tin.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, St. Louis and Chicago.

nov 6 tf tu th sa change

Yellow Irresistibles.

The recently published memoirs of the Princess Lamballe gave an interesting sketch of Marie Antoinette's attempt to learn English. Whenever an Englishman of rank visited the court, the queen tried her linguistic accomplishments on him, and the effect was frequently amusing. To the Duke of Dorset and some English gentlemen whom she saw attired in new buckskin breeches put on for the king's hunt the queen said, "I do not like dem yellow irresistibles." She meant "inexpressibles," and when Lady Spencer, her tutor, pointed out the mistake the queen said: "Vell, vell, discompose yourself, my dear lady. I will no more call dem breeches irresistibles, but say small clothes, even if dey are on a giant."—New York World.

Just Say "Walk" to Him.

Dogs, which are at once the drowsiest and most wakeful of domestic animals, according to their state of mind and circumstances, seem to sleep lightly or heavily at will. Nothing can be more slow, reluctant and leisurely than the enforced waking of a petted dog when it does not wish to be disturbed. It will remain deaf to a cat, twitch its feet if tickled, but not unclose its eyes, and finally stretch and yawn like a sleepy child. But mention something interesting to the same dog when sleeping, such as the word "walk," or click the lock of a gun, and it is on its feet in an instant and ready for enterprise.—London Spectator.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption, and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her, and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggess, 139 Florida St. San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. Regular size 50c and $1.00.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders highe prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2-lb Jute		@	5½
Standard	7½	@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ₩ lb	13½	@	14
Sides ₩ lb	7½	@	7½
Shoulders ₩ lb	6	@	6¾
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ₩ lb	6¾	@	6¾
Shoulders ₩ lb	5½	@	
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb	26	@	27
BRICKS—			
Wilmington, ₩ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	11 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15		
Northern	23	@	
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	50
Virginia Meal	55	@	60¾
COTTON TIES— ₩ bundle		@	85
CANDLES— ₩ lb			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE— ₩ lb—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
State		@	10
COFFEE— ₩ lb—	27	@	38
Laguyra	20	@	38
Rio	15	@	20
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	6		6¾
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS— ₩ dozen	10	@	12
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25	@	3 50
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel	5 00	@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring ₩ keg	3 50	@	3 75
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5	@	10
" Extra	3 25	@	3 50
FLOUR— ₩ barrel—			
Low grade		@	3 00
Choice	2 75	@	3 00
Straight	3 25	@	3 75
First Patent		@	4 25
GLUE— ₩ lb	37½	@	10
GRAIN— ₩ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White		@	58
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White		@	54
Corn, cargo, in bags—White		@	54
Oats, from store		@	31½
Oats, Rust Proof		@	40
Cow Peas	73	@	75
HIDES, ₩ lb—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—			
Eastern		@	1 00
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2	@	3½
LARD, ₩ lb—			
Northern	5½	@	9@
North Carolina	8½	@	10
LIME, ₩ barrel			1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ₩ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	30 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	29
" in bbls		@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds	25	@	27½
" in bbls	25	@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	13	@	14
" in bbls		@	16
Syrup, in bbls	13	@	25
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis		@	2 50
PORK, ₩ barrel—			
City Mess	14 00	@	14 50
Rump		@	13 50
Prime		@	14 00
ROPE, ₩ lb	10	@	12
SALT ₩ sack Alum		@	75
" Liverpool		@	65
" Lisbon		@	
" American		@	65
on 105 ₩ Sacks	40	@	45
SHINGLES 7-inch, ₩ M	5 00	@	7 00
Common	3 00	@	3 50
Cypress Sap	4 50	@	5 00
Cypress Hearts		@	7 50
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Granu'd	4½	@	4¾
Standard A		@	4¼
White Ex. C		@	4¼
ExtraC, Golden	4	@	4¼
C, Yellow		@	3¾
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	3½	@	
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00	@	14
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping	10	@	9 00
Mill, Prime	00	@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00	@	3 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	5	@	
WHISKEY, 4 gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2
North Carolina	1 00	@	2
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	14	@	
Clear of burs	12½	@	
Burry		@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Oct. 9.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Quiet at 24⅞ cents per gallon for country and 25⅜ cents for machine-made casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 15 per bbl for Strained and $1 20 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1 40 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quoted on 'Change firm at $1 10 for Hard, $1 50 for Yellow Dip, and $1 60 for Virgin. Inspectors quote Hard, $1 20 Virgin and Yellow dip, $1 60.

COTTON.—Market closed steady on a basis of 8⅝c for Middling.

Ordinary	6¼	cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	7⅛	" "
Low Middling	8 3-16	" "
Middling	8⅝	" "
Good Middling	8 15-16	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	1,619 bales
Spirits Turpentine	45 casks
Rosin	60 bbls
Tar	82 bbls
Crude Turpentine	25 bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, October 9.—Evening—Money on call easier at 1½@3 per cent, last loan at 2 and closing offered at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper was 5@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange was steady; actual business in bankers' bills at 486¼@486½ for sixty days and 487¼@487½ for demand. Commercial bills 485½@486. Government bonds firm; United States coupon fours 111¾; United States twos 97. State bonds dull; North Carolina fours 102, North Carolina sixes 123. Railroad bonds strong.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was sold at 68⅝@69. 45 000 ounces having changed hands.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, October 9—Evening. Cotton quiet; middling gulf 9 7 16c; middling 9 3-16c.

Cotton futures to-day closed firm; October 8 95, November 8 97, December 9 05, January 9 18, February 9 19, March 9 24, April 9 29, May 9 35, June 9 40. Sales 284,000 bales.

Cotton—net receipts 934 bales; gross 6,868 bales; exports to Great Britain 10,577 bales; to France —— bales, to the Continent 5,000 bales, stock 661,881.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 195,092 bales; exports to Great Britain 41,768 bales; to France 6,886 bales; to the Continent 29,491 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 708,969 bales; exports to Great Britain 194,907 bales; exports to France 90,081 bales; exports to the Continent 81,498 bales.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—Evening.—Flour quiet and unsettled with wheat; winter wheat, low grades $2 25@3 60; fair to fancy $3 80@3 40; patents $3 50@3 75; Minnesota clear $3 75@3 25; patents $3 85@4 20; low extra $2 25@3 60; Southern steady and quiet, common to fair extra $3 10@3 80; good to choice $3 90@3 80. Wheat—spot market firmer and firmer; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 66⅝c; afloat 67¾c; options opened dull and steady; advanced ¼c, declined ⅜c, jumped sharply on war rumors and closed steady at ⅝c over yesterday, with No. 2 red October 65c; December 66⅝; March 69⅞c; May 70½. Corn—spot firm and fairly active; No. 2 at elevator 37½; afloat 38¾c; options were

Children Cry FOR PITCHER'S Castoria

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. Archer, M. D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." Alex. Robertson, M. D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.

The Centaur Co., 77 Murray St., N. Y.

What is Castoria

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

A LADY'S TOILET

Is not complete without an ideal

COMPLEXION

POWDER.

POZZONI'S

Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.

Insist upon having the genuine.

IT IS FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

feb 4 1y

Wants.

One Cent a Word.

Advertisements under this heading —Help and Situations Wanted, For Rent, For Sale, Lost and Found, One Cent a word each insertion. But no advertisement taken for less than Twenty cents. my 26 tf

FOR MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatica,	Scratches,	Contracted Muscles,
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Eruptions,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Hoof Ail,
Burns,	Stitches,	Screw Worms,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Swinney,
Stings,	Backache,	Saddle Galls,
Bites,	Galls,	Piles.
Bruises,	Sores,	
Bunions,	Spavin Cracks.	
Corns,		

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its **universal applicability.** Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.
The Housewife needs it for general family use.
The Canaler needs it for his teams and his men.
The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.
The Miner needs it in case of emergency.
The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.
The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.
The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.
The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.
The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.
The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.
The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.
The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.
Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.
Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.
Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

NIGHT.

Out of the night of the sea,
Out of the turbulent night,
A sharp and hurrying wind
Scourges the waters white,
The terror by night.

Out of the doubtful dark,
Out of the night of the land,
What is it breathes and broods
Hovering at hand?
The menace of land.

Out of the night of heaven,
Out of the delicate sky,
Pale and serene the stars
In their silence reply:
The peace of the sky.
—Arthur Symons in Independent.

THE WHITE FEATHER

Yes, it seems a funny thing to find a piano and mirrors and knickknacks and china up here among the Himalayan foothills, a couple of hundred miles from anywhere, and an old gray bearded planter, whose nearest neighbor is 30 miles away and who never hears the rustle of a white woman's petticoats, seems the last sort of man to own them.

The piano isn't up to much. It hasn't been tuned for the last 15 years, and two years ago the Frazer boys, who had ridden over from Rajah Hath to eat their Christmas dinner here, managed to break most of the strings and hammers, larking with it. The mirrors, too, are all cracked or hopelessly blotched by the damp of the rains, but they looked smart enough when I bought them, some 15 years ago.

I've got used to the poor finery, and the other boys from the plantations, when they do ride over here, are good natured enough in their chaff.

It's not once in a blue moon that a globe trotter like you comes up this path, for the temple really is not worth seeing, and the snows are reached with so much less trouble by the other road, with its well built dak bungalows. A couple of years ago we had a commissioner who was a sportsman and who used to come here for the great mahseer, whose favorite haunt is where the two rivers—you can hear them roaring now—meet down deep in the valley, but the present man is not a keen man and doesn't come as far as this.

Is there a story attached to these old sticks?

Well, anywhere but here I should think it would not be called one, but if you don't mind listening I will tell you the whole little history.

I'd been out in the country ten years—25 years in all I've put in in this old India—and I'd worked up to the position of manager at the Murrince estate, which lies 80 miles away over that big ridge of hills, about the direction where you can see the light of the rising moon. I'd a good house and a good income, and like a fool I thought I'd get myself a good wife. I went home, hunted up all my people and saw as much of society as I could—you wouldn't think it of me to look at me, but I am connected with some of the smartest people of London—and before a quarter of my leave was up I was head over heels in love with the most lovely girl I had ever set eyes on. The life I've led here has ground all sentiment and that sort of foolishness out of me, but even now when I think of it there comes back to me a sort of faint return of the intense nervousness I felt the day that I proposed to her, at a dance at the Star and Garter, standing, we two, on the terrace, with the sleeping town in a blur of moonshine at our feet and the river winding a ribbon of silver through the misty landscape.

She was a lovely girl, lovely even among beautiful women; a complexion of rose tinted ivory, large black eyes, black hair, a contralto voice that spoke as sweetly and with as many modulations as any singing and a manner so gentle and soft that she twisted one round her little finger without one's knowing that the process was going on. She had a sad story, too,—poverty, a hateful stepmother and no choice except between marriage and becoming a governess. We spent most of the time during our engagement in shopping. I had plenty of ready money, and she had the ideas of a princess as to how she should be housed. These faded brocade curtains we bought one windy October night at Gillow's; that rickety old piano was one of Broadwood's chef d'œuvres, and those little figures on the mantel are good dresden. I said goodby to her on board a P. and O. at Southampton and I came out here to get all our pretty things into the house and to arrange for a proper reception of my coming princess. Two months I lived in a lover's dream, and then I went to Bombay to meet her.

* * * * * * * *

What happened is, I know, a comedy that is played a dozen times each season, but it makes it none the less bitter to the victim that others have suffered before him.

* * * * * * * *

She met me as soon as I set foot on deck and told me that she could never marry me—that she had altered her mind. There was no hope for me, she said, none whatever. There was another man, and if I cared for her—if I cared for her, my God—I would make it all as little painful as could be helped and go. She was very, very sorry, but I must go.

I went back to my curtains and glasses and pretty things in the bungalow on the hillside, cursing God and all creation in my heart. I took a great deal of that, too, then. By the way, you're not helping yourself. The whisky's good. You needn't be afraid of it. I got it out direct from Speyside, and somehow or another a report against me got home, and as one of the directors wanted a berth for his brother I was turned out and sent to this small estate, where I live, seeing no one but the coolies, the Babu, who lives a mile down below in the village, and old Afiz Kahn, the grim old Afridi who waited on us and who has been my body servant for the last 20 years.

When I moved, I took all my finery with me. It was foolishness, but I was a fool then, and I couldn't bear to part with anything that was in any way connected with her. I was as desperately in love as ever, and though I saw in the paper her marriage announced to a man with a couple of estates tacked on to the end of his name and knew that she had been bought by a higher bidder than I was still, being a fool, I loved her all the same.

All people, and they are few enough, who come up this road are sent on here to me and spend the night. We, on the very outside ring of civilization, welcome a white face or a newspaper as a delightful sight, and we give our visitors of our best.

One night 13 years ago—it was after the rains and glorious weather—I was told that a sahib and a mem sahib were coming up the road. Such an event as a lady coming up this path had never been known before, and Afiz Kahn and myself bustled about, lighting lamps and getting the place into order for her reception. The cook and other servants who live in the village bazaar were sent for, and we made ready to do all honor to our unwonted guest.

The moon was over the hill before we heard the sound of the ponies' feet on the road, and going to meet them I saw her just dismounted and standing in the glow of the moonlight.

She gave a great start when she saw me and put her hand to her heart, but pulled herself together in a second and came forward and shook hands.

"This is an unexpected pleasure," she said. "I thought you lived in quite a different part of the country," and then she introduced me to her husband as an old friend. She evidently had told him nothing about the little comedy in which I had figured. I disliked the husband at first sight—a great coarse brute, who talked to her as if she were a disobedient dog and whom I put down as being a bully and a drunkard.

We were not a cheery party that night. She talked the talk of that world of society that two years of misery had put back into an infinite past, but I noticed that her eyes took in every detail of curtains and furniture and ornaments. He helped himself most liberally to the whisky bottle and talked little, but that little generally took the form of some insult to his wife. Later on she asked me about Afiz Kahn, who waited on us with grim stateliness, and I told her his story; how by a lucky shot I saved him when he was in a bear's embrace, and how since then he had renounced everything, his loved hills and clanship and relations to follow me through good and evil fortune as my servant. Finding she was interested, I talked of him and told them some of the border tales of revenge and blood that the Afridi had told me over the fire on our Shikah expeditions; how ready a border man's hand is to strike when his chief orders; how little they value a life, whether it be theirs or another's, and to all this she listened eagerly.

The morose husband thawed under the great doses of whisky, and he told me how the doctors had forbidden him to go home to England, and how he was wandering over the unbeaten tracks in the mountains, taking his wife with him "just to show her what roughing means" until the weather became passably cool in the plains.

She went to their room immediately after dinner, but he sat up for another couple of hours bragging about most things in this world and punishing the whisky bottle to such extent that when at midnight he rose to go he staggered about, and I had to help him to his door.

It was a glorious night. The moon, half way up the sky, flooded the broad veranda there with golden light; the oak and rhododendrons, the great hill across the river were picked out in vivid light and shade, and the village doors made points of brilliancy in the darkness of the gorge. I stood against the post of the veranda, my brain in a whirl with present surprise and burning memories. I tried to think of what this fresh turn of the wheel that brought her under my roof might mean to me. Munda Devi, the great sacred mountain, showed its mass of snow hanging as it seemed in the sky, and in my feverish helplessness in the battle against fate I felt a longing to pray to it for some of its everlasting strength and endurance.

"George!" whispered a soft voice behind me, and I turned to find her standing at my elbow.

She had put on a dressing gown sort of thing, all silk and lace, and the moonlight caught the ivory smoothness of her arms and bosom.

"George!" she said again and held out her two hands to me.

Then the fire in my brain leaped to a sudden blaze, and all that I knew was that I was holding her again once more, tight clasped in the hollow of my arms.

"I never loved any one but you!" she said as she looked up into my eyes, and then she told me how her husband ill treated her, cursed her and when drunk beat her, and on the delicate arms that were round my neck I could see the purple welts where his heavy stick had struck her.

"Do you love me in spite of all?" she asked, and, I, being a fool, told her that I was ready to die for her.

Then for a time she kept silent, only nestling closer and closer to my breast.

At last she spoke in a whisper, which had a tremble in it: "If only I were free from him, I could marry you. I shall be a rich woman."

Her brain worked quicker than mine, and I didn't understand what she was asking of me.

"It would be so easy," she whispered, "and we should be so happy"—and then what she meant began to dawn on me, and I loosened my clasp, though she only twined her arms more closely. If an accident were to happen to him now, while he is drunk, no one would be any the wiser, and you can trust your man."

* * * * * * * *

Then the fire in my brain died out.

I shook her free and stepped back a dozen paces from her, for I knew that she was asking me to murder or have murdered the drunken man, my guest, her husband, who lay helpless in the next room.

"You daren't!" she said, with sudden rage, and as I spoke to her she stood like a statue, but with the glow of desperate anger in her eyes.

What I said I don't exactly know, but she understood me, and with a whispered "cowardly fool" she slipped back into the darkness of the room.

* * * * * * * *

I walked all that night and the early morning about the estate, and they had left before I came back to the house. They went down by the other road, and I never saw either of them again.

Was there a sequel?

Yes.

I received the next summer through the mail a newspaper cutting telling how the two were riding along a hillpath in Cashmere in front of all their servants; how his pony must have shied, and how he and the pony were found pounded to a jelly a thousand feet down the klud, and the paragraph finished by saying how the widow, who had viewed the tragedy, was to be pitied.

In the envelope besides the cutting was: A tiny white feather.

* * * * * * * *

She died two years ago after having made ducks and drakes with the man's money, and I sit here and grin and look at my faded finery and smack my leg to think what a narrow escape I had of marrying an accomplished and beautiful criminal.

That's all!

Help yourself to the bottle.—London Hawk.

A DOG ON HIS TRAVELS.

He Had No Ticket, but Knew Where He Wanted to Leave the Train.

"I was witness the other day," writes a correspondent of the London Spectator, "of what I had only heard of before—a dog traveling by rail on his own account. I got into the train at Uxbridge road, and the compartment being vacant took up the seat which I now prefer—the corner seat at the entrance with the back to the engine. Presently a whole crowd of ladies got in, and with them a dog, which I supposed to belong to them.

All the ladies except one got out at Addison road, and then the dog slunk across the carriage to just under my seat. I asked my remaining fellow passenger whether the dog was hers. She said 'No.' No one got in before she herself got out at South Kensington, where the dog remained perfectly quiet, but at Sloane square a man was let in, and out rushed the dog, the door actually grazing his sides. Had he not taken up the precise place he did, he must have been shut in or crushed. 'That dog is a stowaway,' I observed to the porter who had opened the door. 'I suppose he is,' the man answered.

"The dog was making the best of his way to the stairs. Clearly the dog meant to get out at that particular station, (he had had ample opportunity of getting out both at Addison road and South Kensington), and had, as soon as he could, taken up the best position for doing so. How did he recognize the Sloane Square station, for he had had only those two opportunities of glancing out? It seems to me it can only have been by counting the stations, in which case he must be able to reckon up to five.

"The dog was a very ordinary London cur, white and tan, of a greatly mixed Scotch terrier stock, the long muzzle showing a greyhound cross. He was thin and apparently conscious of breaking the law, hiding out of sight, and slinking along with his tail between his legs, and altogether not worth stealing. I suppose that he had been transferred to a new home, which had proved uncongenial, and was slipping away in fear and trembling to his old quarters."

Stomachless Cats.

Cats can get along perfectly well without stomachs, according to experiments recorded in Archives de Physiologie. In one cat, which died 48 hours after its stomach had been cut out, the esophagus was found to have been completely united with the intestine. Another cat, which weighed 4 pounds when it lost its stomach, was alive and well and weighed 4½ pounds 3½ months after the operation. It found difficulty in digesting pure milk, but got along nicely when the milk was mixed with yolk of eggs and rice, and ate cooked meat, cheese, and a puree of potatoes. This proves that all three classes of food, albuminoids, fats and farinaceous substances, are digested by the agastric cat. As it had previously been proved that dogs can do without stomachs, the next step would seem to be the production of agastric man.

Impetuosity No Excuse.

"I can wait no longer, Miss Ticklowell-Emersonia!" exclaimed the infatuated young man. "Here and now I propose to know my fate."

"I think you mean, Mr. Wendellson," said the Boston young woman, much agitated, "that you purpose, etc."—Chicago Tribune.

THE LAST WAS THE WORST.

A Man Runs From Footpads to Fall Into the Hands of a Doctor.

One night a clubman, who may be named Goodman without missing his nature very much, was on his way home when a curious series of adventures was encountered.

Crossing Clark street bridge somewhere about midnight he noticed a man ahead of him, standing and leaning over the rail.

Behind him came another man, walking his own gait and apparently in no hurry to reach his destination.

Goodman thought of footpads, but as he never had been held up he tried to forget the danger.

But it would not be forgotten. The leading figure straightened up as he neared it, and the man behind approached with a quicker pace.

"Hold on there! Give up!" commanded the man in front.

"Hit him hard, Jimmy!" said the man behind.

Goodman could not get forward nor back, and his escape on all sides was cut off. No other pedestrian was in sight, and no platoon of police marched strongly into view as they should when virtue is imperilled.

Goodman is not a fighting man, so he considered a partial surrender, but he is a prudent and a "forehanded" man, so he concluded not to yield up all his money.

"What do you fellows want?" he demanded.

"Your money and your watch."

"Well," running his hand in his trousers pocket and fishing out $3, "here's my money; take it. I don't want a row."

"Give up everything. Ain't you got any more than that?" The tone was scornful and brutal. It stung the freeman in him, and, instantly, like a flash, he struck one swift but unstrained blow at the footpad's jaw.

"I've got that much more," he ejaculated, following it up with a swing at the neck.

Both blows reached, and the fellow went down, his handful of silver scattering to the bridge floor and rolling off in the river.

But the rascal behind, against whom no guard could be made, sprang forward and swept a fierce blow with a slungshot. The vicious weapon caught Goodman on the cheek, cutting a gash and staggering him, but not knocking him down.

He stumbled forward, yelled, gained his footing and sped like a deer across the viaduct and down into the better peopled section of North Clark street.

The robbers did not follow him, and, while regretting the blood which flowed from a gash in his face, he congratulated himself on a watch and a roll untouched by the heathen.

Calling a cab, he got in and was driven to a physician whose sign he remembered. The doctor had gone to bed, but he rose at the call of duty, lighted his office, put Goodman in the chair and dressed his wound in about five minutes. It needed no stitches. Only three strips of surgeon's plaster and a wad of absorbent cotton were required.

But his bill was $10.

"What?" demanded the victim, out of all patience with his fortune.

"Ten dollars," said the doctor calmly.

Goodman paid it, and then, in a fever of hurry, gathered his hat and coat and started swiftly to the door.

"Where are you going?" asked the doctor curiously.

"Back to the bridge," said Goodman, with deep feeling. "You're a bigger robber than the two I escaped from."—Chicago Times-Herald.

LEGEND OF A COIN.

Why Abyssinia's King Places a Lion on His Pieces of Money.

The king of Abyssinia has plunged into a coinage of his own. The coins present on the obverse side the king's head with the tiara and the inscription, "Melenek II, King of Kings of Ethiopia." On the reverse is a crowned lion holding in his paw a crown with the legend, "Conquering lion of the tribe of Judah." Do you know what that means? If not, read this veracious history, which no Abyssinian ventures to disbelieve:

The queen of Sheba was queen of Abyssinia. After her famous journey to Jerusalem she had a son, whose name was Melenek, and whose father was none other than the great King Solomon himself. Now, when Prince Melenek grew to manhood he resolved on going to see the city of his father. Therefore he started on his long journey with a great escort of soldiers and a following of camels bearing presents. When he approached Jerusalem, the people, who knew not his history, flocked forth to see the gallant young prince, and because he was like King Solomon they followed him into the city, crying that the old king had been restored to youth. The new king, presumably Rehoboam, hearing their shouts in the streets, was naturally alarmed and held counsel with his wise men and ancients as to whether he should instantly bowstring the visitor as a pretender or receive him with the hospitality due to a friendly, because distant, prince.

Fortunately for the Abyssinian royal descent the latter counsel prevailed, and Prince Melenek was graciously permitted to present his gifts and to see the splendors of the temple and the palace. When the time came for his departure, he requested one boon—an exact model of the ark of the covenant and its sacred contents.

This was granted him. But, behold, there was a certain priest of the temple named Isaac who greatly loved Prince Melenek for his resemblance to his father and was resolved to go with him, he and all his family, into Abyssinia. Now, on the eve of his departure he cast by magic the watchman of the temple into a deep sleep, and then he exchanged the model of the ark for the ark itself. And the ark itself, with its contents, he carried off into Abyssinia, where it remains to the present day in the cathedral, and a copy of it stands in every church in Abyssinia. And as for the ark which Jeremiah hid away, and which lies still in the vaults of the temple, that is only the copy.

And now you understand why the king places on his coins an effigy of the "conquering lion of the tribe of Judah."—Walter Besant in London Queen.

Photographed Out of Focus.

Under the pretext of a conscientious realism it has become the common practice of latter day writers to devote their exclusive attention to the drains and dust bins of humanity, and then, with supreme effrontery, to claim credit for the brave, beautiful and emancipating character of their labors. Their accuracy of detail may be photographic, but the result is comparable to a photograph in which one feature or limb is preposterously out of focus. And as a matter of fact it often happens that this vaunted accuracy entirely fails to satisfy the touchstone of science.—London World.

A Rose, Etc.

"So the rosebud of your family ran off with your manservant, eh?"

"Yes. She was the rosebud. Now she's a lily of the valet, as it were."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. W. J. TOOMER, Cashier.

W. C. COKER, Jr., Ass't Cashier.

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	July 11, 1893.	July 11, 1894.	July 11, 1895.
Surplus and Net Profits..	$15,958	$29,049	$40,113
Premiums on U. S. Bonds,	4,140	None.	None
Banking House, &c.......	15,600	15,600	13,500
Deposits................	323,000	470,000	510,000

Dividends paid past two years, 6 per cent. per annum.

Last Installment of capital paid in October, 1892. aug 11 tf

YOU CAN FIND

At Wilmington's Big Racket Store the Largest Stock of Carpets in the State. Our line of samples, 150 different styles, to select from. We have the measure taken of the room, and the carpet cut to fit and made for 5 cents a yard extra. Brussels at 48 and 65c; two ply, three-fourths wool, beautiful patterns, at 39c; better at 40, 50, 65 and 85c a yard. Marquets at 90, 99c, $1.20, $1.50 and $1.75. Hemp carpet at 12½, 15 and 18c, and matting at 10, 12½, 15, 18, 20 and 28c a yard. Carpet paper at 3 and 4c a yard. Carpet tacks 12 papers for 10c and 1c each. Staple tacks 3 boxes for 5c We have 25 Wilson Heaters. They are the very best heaters made. The small size at $4.50; the medium size at $6.00; the parlor size at $9.00. They are very economical in fuel. Will save enough on the cost of your wood bill in three months to pay for one of them. We will have our opening of fine Millinery on Thursday and Friday, October 10 and 11. We have the largest and best stock of fine pattern hats we have ever been able to show. We cordially invite all ladies that feel interested in the styles of the Fall and Winter head wear to visit us and look—give our stock of Fine Hats and Trimmings a look. Remember we carry Dress Goods, Shoes, Cloaks, Clothing, men's and boy's Hats, Guns, Pocket-knives, Lace Curtains, Window Shades, and many other things we have not room to mention.

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Of Wilmington's Big Racket Store, at 112 North Front street, opposite the Orton House.
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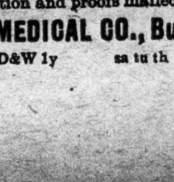

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June 8 1m

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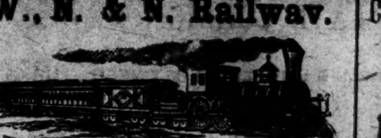


In Effect Sunday, Sept. 1, 1895.

Daily Except Sunday.

North Bound	Stations.	South Bound
8		7
A M	—Wilmington—	P M
8 30	Lv.. Mulberry street ..Ar	6 20
10 34	Lv..Jacksonville Lv	4 23
11 07	Lv..Maysville Lv	3 51
11 22	Lv..Pollocksville......Lv	3 36
12 00	Ar..Newbern Lv	3 00
P M		P M

Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Steamers on New River leave Marine's daily except Sunday, at 6.30 a m; arrive Jacksonville at 9 30 a m; returning leave Jacksonville 3.00 p m, arriving Marine's 6 p m.

H. A. WHITING, General Manage

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. sep 1 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule in Effect Oct. 6, 1895.

Departure from Wilmington—Northbound.

DAILY 9.25 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.50 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 2.33 p m, Tarboro 2.48 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.48 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.40 p m, Wilson 10.27 p m, †Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 p m, Weldon 12.55 a m, †Norfolk 10.25 a m, Petersburg 2.37 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.23 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 3.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 8.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.17 p m, Marion 6.24 p m, Florence 7.05 p m, Atkin 8.11 p m, Sumter 8.38 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.11 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.55 p m, Savannah 1.55 a m, Jacksonville 7.55 a m, St. Augustine 10.15 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadeldhia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.52 a m, Tarboro 12.20 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.08 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.45 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.38 a m, Baltimore 2.13 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.13 p m, Petersburg 7.55 p m, †Norfolk 2.10 p m, Weldon 9.27 p m, †Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.20 p m, arrive Wilson 11.08 p m, leave Wilson 6 20 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 7.59 a m, Magnolia 8.29 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11 50 a m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.20 a m, Sanford 1.00 p m, Jacksonville 6.20 p m Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.20 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Atkins 7.14 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.45 p m, Halifax 4.05 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7 35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 10; am returning leaves Tarboro 4 30 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m. arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 5 25 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9 30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10 25 a m and 11 55 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 05 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C.; 8 00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 11 15 a m and 4 00 p m. Lucknow 12 45 p m, and 5 00 p m; returning leave Lucknow 9 00 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Elliott 10 30 a m and 3 30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9 12 a m, Rowland 9 31 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6 00 p m, arrives Dillon 6.18 p m, Latta 6.31 p m, Pee Dee 6.53 p m, daily. Latta Branch trains leave Latta 6 40 p m, arrive Clio 9 05 p m, returning leave Chio 6 10 a m, arrive Latta 7 50 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 10.20 a m, arrive Conway 12.35 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 7.30 a m, 8.15 a m, 7.35 p m, arrive Darlington 8.05 a m, 8.55 a m, 8.00 p m, Hartsville 8.50 p m, Bennettsville 2 50 p m, Gibson 5 10 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m, leave Wadesboro 3.00 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Gibson 9 40 a m, Bennettsville 11 10 a m, Hartsville 4.30 a m, Darlington 6.05 p m, 4.30 p m, 5.25 a m, arrive Florence 6.45 p m, 5 p m, 6 a m, Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 6.21 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m, arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.08 p m, 11.08 p m, arrive Selma 2.53 p m, Smithfield 3.08 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m. 12.53 a m, Rowland 6.00 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.31 a m, Fayetteville 10.55 a m, 9.35 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 p m, Selma 12.32 p m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11.28 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Darlington †2 05 a m, arrives Sumter †5 20 a m. Leave Sumter †10 a m, arrives Pregnalls †5 40 p m. Leaves Sumter 4 19 a m, arrives Denmark 6 11 a m. Returning leaves Denmark 4 17 p m, arrive Sumter 6 05 p m. Leaves Pregnalls †8 50 a m, arrives Sumter †3 30 p m. Leaves Sumter †9 50 p m, arrives Darlington †12 25 p m. †Daily except Sunday.

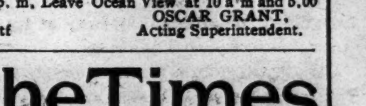
H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. my 12 tf

Wilmington Seacoast Railroad

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.



ON AND AFTER OCT. 10TH, THE TRAINS on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will run as follows:

Trains leave Princess street Station at 2.30 and 6.00 p. m.

Trains leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 5 p. m.

Sunday trains leave Princess Street Station at 2.30 and 6 p. m. Leave Ocean View at 10 a m and 5.00 p. m.

OSCAR GRANT, Acting Superintendent.

oct 6 tf

The Times

(PHILADELPHIA) THIS MORNING?

THE TIMES—Is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspapers published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interest of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family and general newspaper.

THE TIMES—Aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it, and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a great metropolitan newspaper. Specimen copies of any edition will be sent free to any one sending their address.

TERMS—DAILY, $3.00 per annum, $1.00 for four months, 30 cents per month; delivered by carriers for 6 cents per week. SUNDAY EDITION, twenty-four large, handsome pages, 168 columns, elegantly illustrated, $2.00 per annum, 5 cents per copy. Daily and Sunday, $5.00 per annum, 50 cents per month. Weekly edition, 50 cents per annum.

Address all letters to THE TIMES.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT JUNE 23, 1895

South Bound Daily No. 1.	Main Line	North Bound Daily No. 2.
5 55 p. m	Ar... Wilmington ... Lve	9 05 a. m
2 45 "	Lv... Fayetteville ... Ar	12 15 p m
2 15 "	Ar .. Fayetteville ... Lv	12 45
"	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	
12 50 "	Lv .... Sanford Lv	2 18
10 50 a m	Lv ..... Climax Lv	4 19 p. m
10 20 "	Lv ..... Greensboro .... Ar	4 50 "
10 11 "	Ar .... Greensboro Lv	5 00 "
9 28 "	Lv .... Stokesdale Lv	5 55 "
8 59 a m	Lv... Walnut Cove... Ar	6 25 "
8 55 "	Ar.. Walnut Cove... Lv	6 30 "
8 29 "	Lv .... Rural Hall... Lv	6 58 "
7 05 "	Lv ..... Mt Airy ..... Ar	8 25 "

South Bound Daily No 3.	Bennetsville Division.	North Bound Daily. No. 4.
7 20 p m	Ar... Bennettsville... Lv	8 15 a. m.
6 12 "	Ar ..... Maxton.. .. Lv	9 29 "
5 40 "	Lv... Red Springs.... Lv	9 55 "
4 54 "	Lv .... Hope Mills.... Lv	10 35 "
4 25 "	Lv .... Fayetteville... Ar	10 55

South Bound Daily except Sunday. No. 15. Mixed.	Factory and Madison Branches.	North Bound Daily except Sunday. No. 16. Mixed.
6 00 p m	Ar..... Ramseur Lv	5 50 a m
4 20 "	Lv ..... Climax Lv	7 35 "
3 00 "	Lv ... Greensboro ... Ar	8 20 "

North Bound.	No. 15 Mixed. daily ex s[illegible]
Leave Greensboro........................	9 15 a. m
Leave Stokesdale........................	10 50 "
Arrive Madison..........................	11 50 "

South Bound.	No. 15 Mixed. daily ex s[illegible]
Leave Madison...........................	12 30 p m
Leave Stokesdale........................	1 35 "
Arrive Greensboro.......................	2 40

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston Salem.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest, at Wilmington with the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad for Wrightsville and Ocean View.

Trains No. 1 and 2 dinner at Fayetteville.

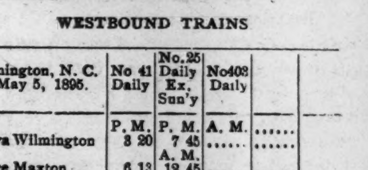
W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager.

my 18 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

Carolina Central R. R.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

WESTBOUND TRAINS

Wilmington, N. C. May 5, 1895.	No 41 Daily	No. 25 Daily Ex. Sun'y	No403 Daily
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Leave Wilmington	3 20	7 45	......
		A. M.	
Leave Maxton	6 13	12 45	......
Arrive Hamlet	7 00	2 05	......
Leave Hamlet	7 05	2 50	7 54
Leave Wadesboro	7 55	4 40	8 08
Arrive Monroe	8 55	5 50	8 49
Leave Monroe	9 20	6 30	9 55
Arrive Charlotte	10 10	7 45	10 48
Leave Charlotte			10 48
Leave Lincolnton			12 05
			P. M.
Leave Shelby			1 50
Arr Rutherfordton			2 30

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

	No. 38 Daily	No. 26 Daily Ex Sun'y	No402 Daily
	A. M.	P M.	P. M.
Lve Rutherfordton	......	......	4 25
Leave Shelby	......	......	5 58
Leave Lincolnton	......	......	6 55
Arrive Charlotte	......	......	8 20
Leave Charlotte	5 20	8 50	8 20
Arrive Monroe	6 00	10 45	9 10
Leave Monroe	6 20	11 05	9 15
Leave Wadesboro	7 18	12 43	9 54
		A. M.	
Arrive Hamlet	8 08	2 05	10 34
Leave Hamlet	8 45	2 30	
Leave Maxton	9 28	3 30	
	P. M.		
Arrive Wilmington	12 30	8 05	

Schedule Between Wilmington and Raleigh.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Raleigh	1.26 a m	11.35 a m
Leave Raleigh	5.26 a m	3.30 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Schedule between Wilmington and Atlanta.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Atlanta	5.20 a m	4 00 p m
Leave Atlanta	8.45 p m	1.00 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Sleepers on 25 and 26 between Wilmington and Charlotte.

Close connection at Athens by No. 25 for Macon, and close connection at Atlanta by Nos. 25 and 41 for Mobile, New Orleans, Nashville and all Southern, Western and Northwestern points.

Close connection by 25 and 41 for Augusta.

Nos. 403 and 402, "Atlanta Special," fast vestibule, daily for all points North, South and West.

Connections made at Lincolnton for Western N. C. points.

Junction Points—At Maxton with C F & Y V; at Wadesboro with Cheraw & Salisbury R R; at Hamlet with R & A, C S & N, and Palmetto Railway. at Monroe with G C & N; at Charlotte with R & D system; at Lincolnton with C & L Narrowgage, and at Shelby and Rutherfordton with the Three C's.

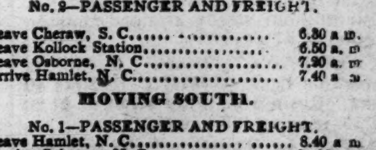
For information as to rates, schedules, &c, apply to THOS. D. MEARES, Agent S A L, Wilmington, N C.

T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

E. St. JOHN, Vice-President.

JNO. H. WINDER, Gen'l Mrg. jan 20 tf

PALMETTO RAILROAD CO.



To Take Effect on Sept. 23, 1894.

MOVING NORTH.

No. 2—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Cheraw, S. C..................	6.30 a m
Leave Kollock Station...............	6.50 a. m
Leave Osborne, N. C.................	7.20 a. m
Arrive Hamlet, N. C.................	7.40 a m

MOVING SOUTH.

No. 1—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Hamlet, N. C..................	8.40 a m
Arrrive Osborne, N. C...............	9.00 a m
Leave Kollock Station...............	9.30 a m
Arrive Cheraw, S.C..................	9.50 a m

Close connection made at Hamlet with trains North South, East and West.

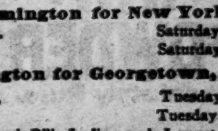
sep 25 tf MONCURE, Supt.

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C.

AND

Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington.

ONEIDA,	Saturday, Oct. 12
CROATAN,	Saturday, Oct. 19

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN.	Saturday, Oct. 12
ONEIDA,	Saturday, Oct. 19

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN,	Tuesday, Oct. 8
ONEIDA,	Tuesday, Oct. 15

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.

WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y. oct 6 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, OCT. 10, 1895

SPOTS AND FUTURES

Manchester Markets—New York Sun's Review.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MANCHESTER, Oct. 9.—The *Guardian*, in its commercial article, says: Most of the important departments are idle, buyers operating with caution until the strength of the influences upon the Liverpool market by the course of cotton in America can be more accurately gauged. A number of producers in expectation of a decline in prices are willing to entertain lower offers, anticipating difficulty in obtaining bids at current rates in the event of a decided alteration in the tendency of the market. Others, however, are firm, depending upon the accuracy of rumors that the official cotton report is likely to be unfavorable. Still there is a wide difference between the views of buyers and sellers. Transactions in cloth have been moderate. Occasionally manufacturers, despairing of obtaining full rates and needing work, are disposed to accept orders under the cost of production. The bulk of the offers for India have been impracticable, although the higher rate of exchange has enabled bids to be improved a fraction. Yarns are quiet, favoring buyers.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—The *Sun* says: Cotton opened at an irregular advance and then rose eighteen points. The close was firm at a rise of seventeen to twenty points for the day, with sales of 284,000 bales. New Orleans was eighteen to nineteen points higher. Liverpool advanced 1-16d on the spot, with sales of 10,000 bales; futures rose five points. In Manchester yarns were strong and cloths dull. The New Orleans' receipts to-morrow are estimated at 10,000 to 12,000 bales against 6,423 last Thursday, 11,804 last year and 7,732 in 1893. Spot cotton here was quiet at 1-16c advance; 420 bales were sold for spinning and 100 delivered on contract. New Orleans and Augusta advanced 1-16c, Wilmington ⅛c, and Norfolk declined 1-16c. The port receipts were 44,686 bales. The exports from the ports were 15,577 bales.

To-day's features: The advance was due to new buying for local, Southern and European account. Local sellers were not disposed to sell on account of the uncertainty of the Bureau report to-morrow, which is expected to be bullish. Frost news had a very stimulating effect. Frost was reported at Memphis, Tenn., Ganda, Miss., Navasota, Texas, and Little Rock, Ark., and frost was predicted for to-night in most parts of the cotton belt. New Orleans bought. One estimate of the crop in circulation was 6,800,000 bales.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat Closed Higher—Corn Unchanged—Oats a Shade Lower.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, October 9.—The outside trade in wheat to-day was very light. Scalpers and local traders transacted the business. Prices manifested a very irregular disposition. Within the last half hour the market furnished a surprise in the form of a brisk rise that was difficult to be accounted for. There was some information of a political character from abroad, with war probabilities a remote quality, which may have tended to curtail offerings, but the popular belief was that the market was just oversold and nothing more. December wheat opened from 59⅝c@59¾c, sold between 59⅛c and 60⅞c, closing at 60⅝—¾@⅞c higher than yesterday. Cash wheat sold at unchanged prices.

The condition of corn was not materially altered from what it has been every day during the past month. It was slow and without any interest of any kind. May corn opened at 29⅛c; declined to 28¾c, rallied and closed at 29c, unchanged from yesterday. Cash corn was ⅛@1c per bushel lower.

No change of importance took place in oats. May oats closed a shade under yesterday. Cash oats were steady.

The same slow, dull and uninteresting market that has been seen for so long was again to be recorded in provisions. Prices fluctuated but little during the day. At the end an easy feeling prevailed, January pork closing 5@7½c lower than yesterday, January lard 2½c lower, January ribs 5c lower.

ARRESTED IN WINSTON.

A Tramp, Charged With Outrage and Murder in Washington County, Virginia.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH N. C., Oct. 9.—Gov. Carr is notified of the arrest at Winston of L. J Poe, who is wanted for outraging and murdering an unknown 9-year-old girl, with whom six months ago he was tramping in Smith or Washington counties, Virginia. He asserted that she was his daughter. After they had been at a little town in Washington county Poe left, but the girl did not accompany him, and a few days later her body was found in a barn, showing finger prints on the throat and horrible mutilation, and also showing outrage and murder. Poe was arrested yesterday by a detective, who for months had followed him. Gov. Carr has notified Gov. O'Ferrall of the arrest.

The Panama *Star and Herald* says that trustworthy information has been received there that a revolution has broken out in the interior of Venezuela.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

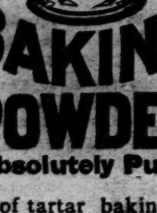
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, October 9.—Spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 28@28½c. Rosin dull but steady; strained common to good $1 47½@1 52½.

CHARLESTON, October 9.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25½c; receipts 40 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 20 @1 25; receipts 169 barrels.

SAVANNAH, October 9.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25⅝c, with sales of 1,500 casks; receipts 1,444 casks. Rosin firm, with sales of 5,000 barrels. A B C $1 15, D $1 25, E $1 30, F $1 35, G $1 40, H $1 45, I $1 70, K $1 75, M $2 10, N $2 60, window glass 3 00, water white $3 25@3 35.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

Royal Baking Powder Co.,

106 Wall Street, N. Y.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

ARMED CONFLICTS BETWEEN TURKS AND ARMENIANS.

Serious Situation of Affairs in Constantinople—Earthquake in Austria—Floods in Italy—The Chinese Investigation.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

VIENNA, Oct. 9.—Earthquake shocks accompanied by subterranean noises were felt at Laibach, thirty-five miles northeast of Trieste, at midnight last night and repeated tremors of the earth were again felt this morning. The inhabitants of the town and vicinity are in a state of panic, many of them refusing to return to their houses.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 9.—The police took extreme action yesterday in regard to the Armenians who took refuge in their churches and refused to leave, by closing all of the Armenian churches in the city and suburbs. These churches are now surrounded by police in strong force; the refugees are allowed to leave, but nobody except priests are allowed to enter. In addition to this the guards refuse to allow food or water to be passed inside, hoping thereby to compel the refugees to come out.

LONDON, Oct. 9—A dispatch from Shanghai says the British and American consuls report that everything has been done to obtain an inquiry into the outrages upon the missionaries at Ku-cheng short of using force. British gunboats are going up the Min river to protect British interests.

Another dispatch from Shanghai says that Admiral Buller has arrived there on board the British dispatch boat Alacrity.

A dispatch from Trebizonde to a news agency says: Serious conflicts took place here yesterday between Turks and Armenians, in which many of the latter were killed.

ROME, Oct. 9.—Severe rain storms have caused floods in several parts of Italy. Many deaths by drowning are reported, and there has been serious loss of cattle, crops and property. In many places the railways have been inundated and traffic stopped.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Movements of U. S. Warships—Case of Miss Flagler Charged with Homicide—Alleged Filibustering Expeditions—President Cleveland to Return to Washington.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, October 9.—The U. S. steamship Marion is not going to Chili to enforce the payment of claims of citizens of the United States against the Chilian Government. She has been ordered to proceed from San Francisco to Guyaquil, Ecuador, to relieve the Alert, which has been stationed there for many months. This is the fever season in South America and for that reason the sailors of the Alert have not been permitted ashore for eight months. They are becoming dissatisfied with this enforced confinement and the Marion's arrival will permit them to return home.

The grand jury this afternoon began its consideration of the case of Miss Elizabeth M. Flagler, the daughter of Gen. Flagler of the army, who shot and killed Ernest Green, a 12-year old colored boy, August 2nd last. Neither Miss Flagler nor her friends appeared before the grand jury, but it is understood that the statement made by her before the coroner's jury was placed before the members. There is a strong impression among the habitues of the court house that an indictment will not follow.

Attorney General Harmon has instructed the United States Marshals for Florida and Louisiana and the United States District Attorneys for the same States, to co-operate with the custom officials to prevent any filibustering expeditions leaving the United States to aid the Cuban rebels.

It is understood here that President Cleveland will leave Gray Gables for Washington on the 17th inst., but his custom of not making public his movements in advance prevents securing any confirmation of this belief. The cold snap may bring him back sooner. He will leave on the 22d for Atlanta to attend the Exposition on the 23d, on which occasion he will be accompanied by the members of the Cabinet and the ladies of their families.

Acting Secretary Wike has sent the following telegram to collectors of customs at Tampa and Key West, Fla., and New Orleans, La.:

"The State Department announces that leaders and a considerable number of men left the keys; that the Woodall is about to start from New Orleans conveying the party, and that the Childs, probably now in Key West, is preparing to sail. The Spanish consul in Tampa reports that an expedition is now at Pine Ree', Fla. Consult U. S. District Attorney and officers of nearest revenue cutters to prevent apprehended violations of neutrality laws of the United States."

GENTRY BEATEN

By Joe Patchen in the Great Pacing Contest at Lexington.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LEXINGTON, KY., Oct. 9.—The black stallion Joe Patchen lowered the colors of his two famous rivals, Robert J. and John R. Gentry, this afternoon, and proved himself the king of pacing stallions. He fought out a racing battle of five heats and was in the contest from first to last. Though defeated, his two rivals are by no means disgraced, as each showed sterling qualities to fight out a brilliant racing battle. A crowd of 6,000 viewed the race and cheered the heat winners with genuine enthusiasm. Robert J. was well played at $100 to $50 over the field.

A cold wind barred fast time. Patchen carried the gelding in the first heat to the half at 1.01, but nearing the sixth furlong, Robert J. made a break and it appeared to be all over. McHenry came fast and a collision looked certain, but a broken wheel to Robert J. was all and Patchen won by several lengths from Colbridge.

At the finish of the second heat, with Robert J. and Patchen making a close tie for first place, Gentry came at them with a rush and won the heat in 2.05¼. Gentry was timed separately the last quarter and made it in 29½s.

Robert J. landed the third heat and a rally was made on him in the speculative arena, with fatal results, as he could not head off the black stallion. Patchen won the last two heats rather handily. This makes the fourth time that Patchen has defeated Robert J. during 1895.

CHATTANOOGA DEMOCRATIC.

Last Year's Republican Majority of 1,250 Reversed Yesterday.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., Oct. 8.—There is great rejoicing in this city to-night among Democrats over the re election of George W. Ochs as mayor and the election of five out of eight aldermen. A great political fight was made over the election to-day, the Republican forces being marshalled by H. Clay Evans, prominently mentioned as a Republican nominee for Vice-President. The effort was made to carry the city for the prestige it would give his political aspirations. It was expected that the Democrats would be divided on account of the recent gubernatorial contest, but the Democrats presented a solid vote, reversing a Republican majority of 1,250 last Fall.

It is stated that the Hon. J. O. Broadhead, American Minister to Switzerland, will shortly retire from office, owing to his advanced age.

CORBETT-FITZSIMMONS.

Hot Springs Selected as the Place for the Fight—Indications That the Trainers and Others Will Be Indicted by the Grand Jury of Travis County.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAN ANTONIO, TEX., Oct. 9.—Corbett did but little training work to-day, owing to the absence of all his trainers, who are at Austin as witnesses before the grand jury. He took a long walk this morning and exercised with the athletic appliances, but spent the afternoon quietly at his cottage with his wife. Corbett stated this evening that he was perfectly willing to fight in Hot Springs, Ark., if the fight can be pulled off there without interference. Brady is at Austin also, and President Stuart will probably not render a decision as to the location of the fight until the grand jury makes its report.

AUSTIN, October 9.—William Delany, Dr. McDonald, John McVey and Joe Corbett of the Corbett party, were all before the grand jury this morning, and it is learned that they were questioned very closely as to the actions of Corbett and Fitzsimmons in preparing for their fight. It is the evident intention of the grand jury to drive Corbett and Fitzsimmons out of the State by finding indictments against them under the common law, for assisting a fight on Texas soil. Delany and party return to San Antonio this afternoon. They say they are through testifying and really know no more now than formerly.

DALLAS, TEX., Oct. 9.—At a meeting of the Corbett-Fitzsimmons prize fight promoters held in this city this afternoon, Martin Julian, Fitzsimmon's representative, caused a big sensation by making a direct proposition to Wm. A. Brady, representing Corbett, that Brady did not see fit to immediately accept.

Julian's proposition was that in the event the Florida Athletic Club cannot bring off the battle anywhere, then Fitzsimmons will fight Corbett for the stakes alone, $10,000 a side, in private, with six men on a side. Corbett has not accepted.

FORT WORTH, TEX., Oct. 9.—The conference at Dallas regarding the Corbett-Fitzsimmons prize fight ended about six o'clock this evening and Hot Springs, Ark., was selected as the location for the battle. The law of that State makes pugilistic encounters a misdemeanor with a maximum fine of $1,000. Gov. Clark, of Arkansas, says the fight shall not take place but the managers are satisfied with the very strong presentation made by the Hot Springs agents and selected that place. The date is the same—October 31. The declaration from Washington this morning that Federal interference was a certainty destroyed Ardmore's chances. The trainers, fighters and others of the interested parties were before the Travis county grand jury to-day at Austin, and the indications are good for indictments for Stuart, Corbett and Fitzsimmons for conspiracy in Texas to commit a felony in another State.

DURRANT'S TRIAL.

The Prisoner on the Witness Stand.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 9.—Theodore Durrant unexpectedly took the stand this morning. When Gen. Dickerson called his name the defendant arose from his seat and with an elastic step walked to the stand. He answered the questions put to him in a steady voice. He testified that he was 24 years old, He knew Blanche Lamont, having been introduced to her by her aunt Mrs. Noble. He associated with her every week when she visited the church. He acted as usher at the morning service and also assisted in the choir. Whenever there was anything wrong with the sunburners he always repaired them. He met Miss Lamont on the morning of April 3d at the corner of Twenty-first and Mission streets, while on his way to the residence of George R. King to get him to help him repair the sunburners. She told him she was going to school and he invited her to walk along the block with him. "I said I would then accompany her to school," continued the witness. "She said she had no time, was already late, but would be pleased to have me accompany her."

"I acceded to her request. We took a car and transferred at Larkin street and again at Sutter street. She got off at Gough street to go to school, and I continued on to Webster street and went to Cooper College."

"Did you see Blanche Lamont again?"

"I never did," replied Durrant firmly.

About noon, he said, he left the college and went north on Webster street. Bought a few nuts at a fruit store on Clay street, near Webster, and ate them. He was away from college about an hour. On his return he saw on a blackboard the words, "Dr. Stillman will not lecture to-day." He then took a walk to Broadway, on which street he met student Carter. He returned to the college about 1 o'clock and went to the library to look up authorities connected with his graduating exercises. He had there a talk with student Diggins about catarrh, and advised Diggins to get an atomizer.

Durrant was still giving his evidence when the Court adjourned for the noon recess. He will occupy the stand this afternoon.

THEATRE BURNED.

Attended by Loss of Life at Kansas City.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

KANSAS CITY, MO., Oct. 9.—Fire, which started from an unknown cause on the stage of the Old Comique theatre at 2.45 o'clock this morning, resulted in the complete destruction of the building and the death of Alvin E. Canaday. The loss on the theatre, which was a two-story brick building, is $12,000, and on scenery $3,500; insurance on building and scenery $2,500. Besides these losses, the Billy Rice Minstrel Company lost all of its scenery, wardrobe and other effects, valued at $1,500 or $2,000.

The explosion of three gas magazines used for calcium lights blew out the front wall and spread the blaze. The wall fell upon Canady, and when finally extricated his skull was found to be broken, and he died at 10 o'clock to-day.

FIRE IN PORTSMOUTH.

Loss Over $250,000—Two Men Reported Drowned.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NORFOLK, Oct. 9.—A fire in Portsmouth to-night did damage exceeding $250,000, destroying over one million feet of lumber, one thousand bales of cotton and one hundred thousand staves besides warehouses of the Seaboard Air Line and Old Dominion line of steamers Capt. John Ashley and twenty colored men who were at work on the docks had to jump overboard to save their lives. They were picked up by the steamer Yorktown. It is reported that two of the men were drowned, but this statement can neither be verified nor contradicted to-night. The fire originated from a defective electric wire. Engines were sent across the ferry from Norfolk. At midnight the fire was still burning.

That Joyful Feeling

With the exhilirating sense of renewed health and strength and internal cleanliness, which follows the use of Syrup of figs, is unknown to the few who have not progressed beyond the old time medicines and the cheap substitutes sometimes offered but never accepted by the well informed.

EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

FIVE PROVINCES TO BE CREATED

Each Province to be Presided Over by an Archbishop—Prolonged Debate on the Proposed Title of Primate for the Senior Bishop—Atlanta Selected as the Next Place of Meeting.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., Oct. 9.—When the Episcopal deputies adjourned to-night, after listening to more oratory than has illuminated any previous day of the General Convention, nine-tenths or more of the number were groping in the dark and wondering just "where they were at." For hour after hour the debate had progressed on the report from the bishops, designating by the title of "Primate" the one who some days in the dim and distant future might by virtue of seniority be the head of the Church, but amendment after amendment had been piled upon each other, and then dovetailed into each other, and then the whole mass kneaded into a big ball upon which was planted a substitute that covered anything and everything that had gone before, so that the parliamentarians themselves were bewildered and confusion became confounded. To-morrow morning a vigorous effort will be made to agree with the report of the bishops and clear the matter from the calendar.

The only other important development of the day was the reaffirmations by the House of the title "bishop coadjutor" as a substitute for "assistant bishop," and the receipt of a message from the House of Bishops approving the section of article four of the Revision on providing for the creation of five provinces in this country, each province to be presided over by an "archbishop." The provision of the revision is, "The bishops of each province shall elect one of their number to be primate of the province." The message will come up for consideration later. It is said to-night that the bishops have gone through seven articles of the constitution while the House is still on the third section of the first.

The report of the committee on the place of meeting for the next general Convention named Boston as the place. An amendment naming Louisville was lost, also one naming New Orleans.

Rev. A. W. Knight, of Georgia, moved to amend so as to designate Atlanta as the next place of meeting, and presented the claims of that city by an eloquent speech. The motion to amend was carried by a large majority and the resolution as amended by the substitution of Atlanta for Boston passed with but slight opposition.

ATLANTA EXPOSITION.

National Council of Women—Miss Clara Barton's Address.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, Oct. 9.—Miss Clara Barton was the star speaker at the National Council of Women to-day. Her address on the Red Cross movement was delivered in the woman's building. Speaking of the purposes of the Red Cross Society, its president said: "Its basis was neutrality. It made neutral all sick, disabled or wounded soldiers, all persons, surgeons and attendants who cared for them, all supplies of medicine or food for their use, all field and military hospitals, with their equipments. all gifts from neutral nations for the use of the sick and wounded of any army; all houses near or about that should receive and nurse wounded men. None of these should be subject to capture. It provided for the sending of wounded men to their homes rather than to prison; that friend and foe should be nursed together alike in all military hospitals, and most of all that the people who had always been forcibly restrained from approaching any field of action for the purpose of relief, however needful, should not only be allowed this privilege, but should arm and equip themselves with relief of all kinds, with the right to enter the lines of the helpless—thus relieving not alone the wounded and dying. but the armies of their care."

The second number on the programme was the "Report of the Committee on Dress," which was read by Annie White Johnson, of Illinois, a woman prominent in her State.

The National League of Colored Women was represented by Sarah L. Franklin, a young colored woman from Washington.

Hannah J. Baily, of Maine, read a paper on the Women's Foreign Missionary Union. The other papers on the programme went over until to-morrow.

NEW YORK FIREBUGS.

An Interesting Trial in Progress.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—What promises to be one of the most interesting trials that has taken place in this city in years was begun before Judge Fitzgerald, of the Court of General Sessions, this morning.

It was the trial of Morris Schoenholz. charged with having fired the house at 285 East Fourth street, on the night of January 3d last. The charge is arson in the first degree. Behind it all, and to be developed during the trial, was the whole story of how the firebugs of this city have been doing their awful work for years past, as successive fires made it apparent that they were the work of incendiaries of the most desperate kind. If convicted Schoenholz may be sentenced to the State prison for eighty years.

WARM WIRELETS.

The funeral of the late Gen. Wm. Mahone took place in Petersburg, Va., yesterday, and was attended by A. P. Hill Camp Confederate Veterans and other old soldiers.

A decree of divorce, on the ground of incompatibility, has been granted Mrs. Amelia Rives Chandler. There was no opposition to the decree. Nothing in the pleadings reflected on either of the parties.

Advices from Seoul, the capital of Corea, report that quiet has been restored there, The palace is being guarded by Japanese, and the Queen whose life was menaced, is entirely safe.

The Chickasaw Legislature has passed a resolution without a dissenting vote, declaring that under no consideration can the fight between Corbett and Fitzsimmons be pulled off in the Chickasaw Nation.

At Bayard, W. Va., on the West Virginia Central Railroad, a fire, started at midnight by the careless handling of a lamp, destroyed thirty houses, and at one time it looked as if the entire town would be burned. The loss is estimated at $50,000.

Gen. James Longstreet, the only surviving Lieutenant General of the Confederacy, was given an informal reception at Washington City by the members of the Confederate Veterans' Association, assisted by the Southern Relief Association and a large number of Southern ladies.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A RISE IN SILVER.

Said to be Due to Purchases of the Metal for Chinese Account.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, October 9.—A rise in silver certificates at the New York Stock Exchange to-day to 69⅛ on purchases of 55,000 ounces, attracted general attention. This is the first sign of activity in the market for the metal in a year or so, and is due in a measure, so authorities say, to the purchases for Chinese account in connection with the war indemnity. Large amounts have been ordered direct from San Francisco since the cessation of hostilities between Japan and China, and in consequence the New York market is comparatively bare. Production in the meantime has been curtailed, and the holdings of the Mercantile Safe Deposit Company, as represented by their certificates, have dwindled down to 81,000 ounces.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

Building Shares wanted. Five shares in the Citizens' Building and Loan Association, 8th or 9th series. Address "L," care of STAR office, city. oct 10 1t*

Lost—Small Pug Dog, answers to the name of Cupid. Either strayed or stolen from the residence of Jno. L. Boatwright, corner Fourth and Orange streets. Liberal reward for his return. oct 9 2t

$12 a day to agents selling the Royal White Metal Plater or taking orders for plating. Trade-secrets, formulas, receipts, etc., furnished free. A good agent can make two to three thousand dollars per year with the Royal Plater. For terms, etc., address Gray & Co., Plating Works, Columbus, Ohio. oct 8 tf

Photographs—The finest possible Photographs at low rates, $1.00 per dozen up. A fine line of Photo Frames from 15c up. U. C. Ellis, Photographer, 114 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. oct 3 tf

Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Snuff, Cigars and Tobacco, all at the lowest prices. Consignments of Cotton and Country Produce of all kinds solicited. Neill McKinnon, No. 3 South Water street. c21

Bicycle for sale cheap on easy payments. For information call at C. E. Gordon's Store. sep 21 tf

Electrical Bicycle Bells applied to Bicycles by Howard & King, No. 101 Front and Market streets. sep 21 tf

Beer on draught and any drink known to American or French Saloonists. Free lunch from eleven a. m. until one o'clock and from five to seven o'clock p. m., at A. P. Levy's French Cafe, Princess street. sep 5 tf

Frank McNeill, Attorney at Law. Office in the Smith building up-stairs, Princess street, Wilmington, N. C. Will practice in this, Richmond, Robeson and adjoining counties. aug 29 tf

The celebrated pale Kyffhauser Beer! Sold only by F. Richter, Wilmington, N. C.

WILMINGTON Intelligence Bureau, Wilmington, N. C. Still in the lead for servants. Want one girl, White; German preferred, who will work for $8 per month, where she will have a home. R. B. Reardon, Prop. jy 7 tf

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c21

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c21

Mullets.

250 barrels MULLETS.
1000 rolls BAGGING.
4000 bundles TIES.
99 boxes CHEESE.
89 boxes CRACKERS and other goods.

D. L. GORE,

120, 122, 124 North Water St.,

oct 9 tf Wilmington, N. C.

New Catch

MULLETS.

Put Up in Nice New Packages.

Send in your orders.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

sep 6 D&W tf

Bulbs Have Arrived.

Call and make your selections promptly, and succeed with your "Window Garden."

JAS. D. NUTT,

oct 6 tf The Druggist.

Cream Cheese.

100 small size CHEESE.
50 buckets CANDY.
100 boxes CANDY.
120 boxes CAKES.
200 boxes R. R. SNUFF.
100 boxes Bower's SNUFF.
Lowest possible prices at

W. B. COOPER'S,

Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,

223 North Water Street,

oct 6 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

The Best

OF ALL

IN ALL THINGS

AT ALL TIMES.

There are many GOOD life insurance companies, but among them all there must be one BEST. THE BEST is THE EQUITABLE. If you wish to know why, send for: 1, the report of the Superintendent of Insurance for the State of New York on the examination of the Equitable; 2, for actual results of maturing policies; 3, for statement of death claims paid in 1894. Then you will know the three great reasons of The Equitable's supremacy: 1st, its financial stability; 2d, its great profits and advantages to living policy-holders; 3d, the promptness of its payments and liberality of its settlements.

The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States.

H. B. HYDE, President.

JAS. W. ALEXANDER, Vice-President.

Department of the Carolinas.

W. J. RODDEY, Manager,
Rock Hill, South Carolina.

ASSETS, ...$185,044,310.06.

SURPLUS, ...$37,479,802.85.

Gross Surplus, Dec. 31, 1894.

Equitable,	**$37,481,069**
Mutual,	22,729,570
New York,	21,576,751
Northwestern,	14,100,876
Mutual Benefit,	3,842,742
Connecticut Mutual,	7,763,270
Ætna,	6,859,919
Penn Mutual,	2,834,600
Prov. Life and Trust,	3,305,384
New England Mutual,	2,049,607

Surplus Earned in 1894.

Equitable,	**$8,181,068**
Mutual,	8,010,801
New York,	5,209,629
Northwestern,	4,008,745
Mutual Benefit,	1,983,648
Connecticut Mutual,	1,816,234
Ætna,	1,165,678
Penn Mutual,	1,008,160
Prov. Life and Trust,	1,142,494
New England Mutual,	863,663

Cash Dividends Paid in 1894.

Equitable,	**$2,139,735**
Mutual,	1,308,345
New York,	1,681,7[illegible]5
Northwestern,	1,361,325
Mutual Benefit,	1,674,264
Connecticut Mutual,	1,265,415
Ætna,	806,859
Penn Mutual,	750,281
Prov. Life and Trust,	644,683
New England Mutual,	530,588

Ratio of Assets to Liabilities, Dec. 31, 1894.

	Per ct.
Equitable,	**125.40**
Mutual,	112.55
New York,	115.30
Northwestern,	123.83
Mutual Benefit,	107.46
Connecticut Mutual.	114.25
Ætna,	119.55
Penn Mutual,	110.34
Prov. Life and Trust,	113.93
New England Mutual,	109.33

Ratio of Assets to Liabilities, Dec. 31, 1894.

	Per ct.
Equitable,	**25.40**
Mutual,	12.55
New York,	15.30
Northwestern,	23.83
Mutual Benefit,	7.46
Connecticut Mutual,	14.25
Ætna,	19.55
Penn Mutual,	10.34
Prov. Life and Trust,	13.93
New England Mutual,	9.33

Assurance in Force, Dec. 31, 1894.

Equitable,	**$913,556,733**
Mutual,	854,710,761
New York,	813,294,160
Northwestern,	340,697,569
Mutual Benefit,	209,369,528
Connecticut Mutual,	156,686,871
Ætna,	135,907,796
Penn Mutual,	126,537,075
Prov. Life and Trust,	103,671,924
New England Mutual,	93,868,387

Income Saved for Investment in 1894.

Equitable,	**$16,243,243**
Mutual,	14,877,638
New York,	12,343,894
Northwestern,	8,795,182
Mutual Benefit,	2,129,565
Connecticut Mutual,	620,199
Ætna,	1,6[illegible]
Penn Mutual,	2,098,398
Prov. Life and Trust,	2,191,963
New England Mutual,	789,743

Increase in Premium Income in 10 Years, 1885-'94.

Equitable,	**$24,007,601**
Mutual,	22,[illegible]2,905
New York,	18,452,023
Northwestern,	9,381,[illegible]90
Mutual Benefit,	3,278,187
Connecticut Mutual, (Decrease.)	—29,465
Ætna,	2,145,024
Penn Mutual,	3,564,967
Prov. Life and Trust,	2,569,757
New England Mutual,	1,075,849

Increase in Interest Income in 10 Years, 1885-'94.

Equitable,	**$4,658,645**
Mutual,	3,88[illegible],786
New York,	4,176,860
Northwestern,	2,215 320
Mutual Benefit,	991,896
Connecticut Mutual,	431,179
Ætna,	584,458
Penn Mutual,	69[illegible],094
Prov. Life and Trust,	851,761
New England Mutual,	28[illegible],648

Increase in Total Income in 10 Years, 1885-'94.

Eqitable,	**$28,686,246**
Mutual,	26,661,211
New York,	23,650 562
Northwestern,	11 610,159
Mutual Benefit,	4,2[illegible]6,885
Connecticut Mutual,	404,565
Ætna,	2,578 971
Penn Mutual,	4,239,844
Prov. Life and Trust,	3,390,758
New England Mutual,	1,336,994

Increase in Payments to Policy-Holders in 10 Years, 1885-'94.

Equitable,	**$12,278,566**
Mutual,	7,166,195
New York,	8,930,048
Northwestern.	2,665,198
Mutual Benefit,	2,619,[illegible]3
Connecticut Mutual,	687,506
Ætna,	1,142,909
Penn Mutual,	2,068,353
Prov. Life and Trust,	1,726,518
New England Mutual,	652,042

Income Saved for Investment in 10 Years, 1885-'94.

Equitable,	**$126,000,761**
Mutual,	91,621,748
New York,	97,643 828
Northwestern,	48,421,188
Mutual Benefit,	16,775,129
Connecticut Mutual,	8,633,528
Ætna,	11,838,383
Penn Mutual,	15,001,784
Prov. Life and Trust,	17,515,426
Mew England Mutual,	7,644,951

Surplus Earned in 10 Years, 1885.-94.

Equitable	**$46,259,509**
Mutual	41,384,129
New York	33,993,408
Northwestern	21,096,950
Mutual Benefit	14,798,901
Connecticut Mutual,	15,508,406
Ætna,	8,266,010
Penn Mutual,	6,848,544
Prov. Life and Trust,	5,327,517
New England Mutual,	4,904,683

Increase in Assurance in Force in 10 Years, 1885-'94.

Equitable,	**$604,147,562**
Mutual,	503,981,476
New York,	583,911 574
Northwestern,	241,903,587
Mutual Benefit,	73,525 985
Connecticut Mutual,	4,456,186
Ætna,	51,244,205
Penn Mutual,	83,557,215
Prov. Life and Trust,	61,980,155
New England Mutual,	31,239,591

Increase in Assets in 10 Years, 1885-'94.

Equitable,	**$27,017,995**
Mutual,	16,65[illegible],664
New York,	14,883,707
Northwestern,	10,593,993
Mutual Benefit,	722,365
Connecticut Mutual,	3,553 853
Ætna,	1,890,053
Penn Mutual,	1,059,549
Prov. Life and Trust,	1,761,370
New England Mutual, (Decrease.)	—458,790

Increase in Assets in 10 Years, 1885-'94.

Equitable,	**$127,173,189**
Mutual,	100,194,322
New York,	108,551,792
Northwestern,	50,750,484
Mutual Benefit,	17,049 069
Connecticut Mutual,	8,80[illegible],432
Ætna,	13,210 441
Penn Mutual,	15,2[illegible]1,333
Prov. Life and Trust,	17,891,778
New England Mutual,	7,172,342

oct 3 3t th

House Warming

WEEK

—AT—

Katz & Polvgt's,

No. 9 North Front St.

Johnny: Mamma, are you going to Katz & Polvogt's to-day?

Mamma: To be sure, my boy, this is their house warming week.

Johnny: Please take me with you, mamma, they are going to have music.

EVERYBODY SHOULD CALL THIS WEEK AND SEE THE LATE ARRIVALS IN

Fall and Winter Goods.

MUSIC

From 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. and 3 to 6 p. m.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

LEADING

DryGoods

HOUSE,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

oct 6 tf

Grand Opening

—OF—

MILLINERY,

FINE DRESS GOODS,

Novelties,

Wednesday Evening at 8 O'clock,

Johnson & Fore,

Importing Retailers,

No. 111 Market St.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

oct 6 tf

CLOTHING AT RETAIL

—AT—

Strictly Wholesale Prices

Means just what it says. We can afford to do it. Our great manufacturing facilities, our wholesale business, the small expense of our retail department notwithstanding the large volume of business put us in position to sell at close margins.

THE PRICES TELL THE STORY.

$7.50 all Wool Black Clay Dress Suits, Sack and Cutaway.

$5 and $6 splendid Dress Business Suits, neat patterns, Plaids, Checks, etc. Impossible to retail Clothiers, under $10.

$7.50 every possible pattern, easily worth $10 to $12.

$10—Such Suits as you are accustomed to paying $15 for.

$12 and $15 the highest pinacle of the Tailor's art Foreign and Domestic Worsteds.

Black and Blue Cheviots $5, $6, $7.50, $10, $12.

BOYS' SUITS $2, $2.50, $3, $3.50.

Save the Retailer's Profit.

A. DAVID & Co.,

Front and Princess Streets.

sep 29 tf

Foreclosure Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF THE PROVISIONS OF THE power of sale contained in a certain mortgage made by Daniel Hall and wife, Amanda, to the Hanover Building and Loan Association duly registered on the records of New Hanover County in Book No. 14, pages 4[illegible]3 65, the undersigned will expose for sale to the highest bidder at Public Auction, for cash, on Saturday, the 12th day of October, 1895, at 12 o'clock M., at the front door of the Court House, of the county of New Hanover, in the city of Wilmington, the following described property, to-wit: Beginning in the northern line of Wooster street, 41 feet west of the western line of Third street, runs thence west with said line of Wooster street 41½ feet, thence north parallel with Third street 66 feet, thence east parallel with Wooster street 41½ feet, thence south parallel with Third street 66 feet to the beginning, being part of lot 6, block 60.

JOHN D. BELLAMY, Jr,
Attorney for Mortgagee.

Sept. 21 1895.
sep 22 till oct 12

The Wilmington Steam Laundry,

CORNER FRONT AND ORANGE STREETS, under the management of Mr. L. L. Dyckman, of New York, is now turning out good work. Our wagon is large, and so arranged that we can carry those big puff sleeves on the ladies' waists two at a time. We have a sewing machine for repairing, and a girl to mend the clothes.

We have ordered the latest machine for ironing white wing and turn down collars without cracking, and those that are cracked will come out with a perfectly smooth edge. This is something the public have complained of for some time, and we are now able to remedy the evil. Try the Wilmington Steam Laundry, Front and Orange streets.

J. T. HARPER, Prop'r.

L. L. DYCKMAN, Manager, sept 22 tf

Old Newspapers.

YOU CAN BUY OLD NEWSPAPERS, in quantities to suit,

At Your Own Price,

At the STAR Office.

Suitable for WRAPPING PAPER, and Excellent for Placing Under Carpets.

THE JNO. L. BOATWRIGHT Co.

FINE FAMILY GROCERIES.

Assortment and Quality Unsurpassed.

Prices Based on Small Profits.

PROMPT DELIVERY OF GOODS.

THE JNO. L. BOATWRIGHT CO.,

15 and 17 South Front street, Wilmington, N. C.

Telephone 14. oct 6 tf